SINGAPORE (R) — The Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) has offered to mediate in the Muslim separatist conflict in the Philippines, Ministry schief peace negotiator said Sunday. Emmanuel Pelaez, a former Manula's chief peace negotiator said Sunday. Emmannet Petacz, a former vice president and foreign minister, told reporters OIC Secretary-General Syed Sharifuddin Pizzadeh made the offer after they held three hours of talks here. Mr. Petacz described the meeting as friendly and said Mr. Pizzadeh expressed OIC support for the government of President Corazon Aquino. "They (the OIC) said they will help us try to settle the problem," Mr. Petacz said. Mr. Pizzadeh did not talk to reporters after the meeting. The Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) insurgents, who say they will done their expressite demands if a deal or autogenus can be reached. will drop their separatist demands if a deal on autonomy can be reached want self-rule for 23 southern provinces. The government of President Aquino has agreed to autonomy for only 13 provinces and says the plan must be approved in a referendam. Most Muslims live in the south and make up about 10 per cent of the country's mainly Christian population of 56 million. Talks between the MNLF and the government collapsed last

Volume 12 Number 3477

Israelis stage mock air raids

BEIRUT (AP) — Israeli warplanes Sunday staged a mock air raid on Palestinian refugee camps in South Lebanon. Israeli jets crashed the sound barrier over South Lebanon's port city of Sidon and its 'Ain Ai Hilweh and Mich Mich Palestinian refugee camps in repeated low-altitude runs at mid-morning. Police said Palestinian fighters fired anti-aircraft guns at the howling jets as thunderous sonic booms shook Lebanon's third largest city. But there were no bombing sorties. Many of Israel's 15 previous air strikes in Lebanon, which killed 60 people and wounded 171 this year, were preceded by similar mock raids.

N. Yemen mediating between Egypt and Libya over-aircraft

SANAA (R) - North Yemen is trying to arrange the exchange of two Libyan aircraft which landed in Egypt for three Egyptians seized on the border, the North Yemeni news agency SABA reported Sanday. It said President Ali Abduliah Saleh had received a message from Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak on Sanaa's efforts to make the swap. A Libyan C-130 transport plane and a Chinook LC-15 both landed in Egypt last March and Cairo said alf eight crew members had asked for political asylum, Mr. Mubar-ak later said he would not return the arrivant to Libya until it freed three Egyptians seized at the border between the two Arab states,

Harare blames Pretoria for rocket attack

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HARARE (R) — An emplosion apparently caused by a rocket damaged a house used by exiled South Africans early Sunday and Zimbabwe blamed Pretoria for the blast, the second in Harare in . An omciai se said: "The government of Zimbabwe has no doubt that the perpetrators of this act are South African agents sent by the Pre-toria regitte to harass South Afri-can refugees." No-one was hurt in the explosion, which caused little damage....

Egypt's central bank unaware of \$1b loan

CAIRO (R) — Egypt's Central Bank Governor Motammad Salaheddin Hamid said Sunday he was not aware of a reported \$1 billion loan by the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) to Egypt. An opposition newspaper. Al Ward said Saturday the GCC had approved the loan to help Egypt repay military debts to the West.

Nine killed in mid-air collision

BRUSSELS (R) — Nine people four Britons and five Belgians, died Sunday when two light aircraft collided in mid-air just north of the Belgian port city of Antwerp, police said. There were no survivors from the accident which occurred shortly after both planes took off from Antwerp airport. The dead included four Belgian parachutists and their pilot, police said. They were unable to confirm a report by the Belgian news agency Belga that a group of British parachutists were believed to be among the dead.

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Israeli forces seal rooms and homes as "collective punishment" aimed at deterring others begins to win over the from carrying out resistance acti-More than 100 Palestinians are

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AMMAN, MONDAY MAY 18, 1987, RAMADAN 21, 1407

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Sunday (photos by Yousef Al 'Allan)



Registration centres all over the Kingdom witnessed a large turnout of citizens to register their names before the deadline expired at 6 p.m

Voter registration ends; final turnout figure revised at less than a million

By Rana Sabbagh Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Voter registration for parliamentary elections ended yesterday with officials expecting that the final figure of registered voters to have reached nearly 850,000.

well below projections made on Saturday by a number of officials who expected that nearly a million citizens would register for

Israeli

military

orders

expulsion

rejected challenges to previous

He was jailed in 1975 for

allegedly placing an explosive charge behind a bus in a Tel Aviv

suburb, an army spokesman said.

the 1985 release of 1.150 Israeli-

held prisoners exchanged for

three Israeli soldiers held by

The army spokesman charged

that Mr. Nasser resumed his anti-

Israeli activities after his release,

took over the youth movement

on Mr. Dahlan's expulsion and

ignored army warnings to halt his "incitement to violence." He was

detained for 18 days in January.

The spokesman did not say where Mr. Nasser, whose expulsion will be described.

sion will be the fourth this year,

would be sent. Israel on Thursday

expelled to the East Bank two

Palestinian student leaders ac-

cused of organising anti-Israeli

demonstrations at universities in

Rooms sealed

In the West Bank on Sunday,

the army said, Israeli soldiers in

the town of Qalkilya sealed

rooms in the houses of three

people accused of carrying out

petrol bomb attacks against

The army on Friday said it had

arrested an unspecified number

of Palestinians allegedly responsi-

ble for five such attacks in the last

currently held without trial in

Israeli jails under what the

occupation authorities described

as "administrative" detention,

under a law dating back to the

British mandate of Palestine.

Under the law, "suspects" could

be held for renewable terms of six

months without trial.

Israeli vehicl s.

the occupied West Bank.

Mr. Nasser returned to Gaza in

The blast caused no injuries.

army expulsion orders.

Palestinians in Syria.

of Gaza

Gaza Strip.

The revised figure of 850,000 is voting before the legal period for registration ended at 6:30 p.m.

There was no official explanation, for the revised figures, but

some officials have insisted that the final figure of eligible voters would reach 950,000 when all names have been counted by the Ministry of Interior today.

Exact figures for governorates were available until only 3:00 p.m. Sunday, three-and-a-half hours before the deadline expired. However, a spokesman for Amman Governorate, with nearly one third of the Kingdom's total population, said that 282,108 eligible voters bad registered by closing time Sunday.

The turnout for the seven other

til 3:00 p.m.: Irbid — 241,000; Zarga — 80,000; Balgaa — 78,500; Karak — 57,000; Mafraq — 40,000; Ma'an — 36,000, and Tafileh — 19,022.

According to these figures, the total turnout now stands at just over 830,000 and moderate official projections are that the final number would end at 850,000.

When all names of voters who have registered at the 700 registration centres throughout the

(Continued on page 3)

Gemayel, denying resignation threat, vows to serve full term BEIRUT (AP) - President

Amin Gemayel has denied that he threatened to resign unless Christian and Muslim leaders cooperated to resolve a twoweek-old cabinet crisis, his radio station said Sunday.

Police reported four dynamite explosions rocked west Beirut overnight, raising to 108 the total TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli of such attacks since Syria dearray said Sunday it would expel a ployed 7,500 troops to end three Palestinian accused of leading a years of militia anarchy.

outh movement in the occupied "I shall serve out my term to the last minute," Mr. Gemayel, It said Ahmad Abdul Fatah 45, a Maronite Catholic, was Nasser, 36, of Khan Younis, had quoted as saying by the Voice of Justice radio. "I shall not quit a succeeded Mohammad Dahlan, 26, who was expelled in January minute before that or stay on a for allegedly heading the Fatch minute after." youth movement of the Palestine

Mr. Gemayel's six-year term Liberation Organisation (PLO) expires Sept. 23, 1988. Lebanon's in Gaza.

Mr. Nasser can appeal to a constitution bars presidents from seeking a second term. military tribunal and Israel's supreme court, although both have

Voice of Justice is operated by Mr. Gemayel's wing of the mostly Christian right-wing Falange Party based at the traditional Metn power base of the Gemayel clan. The radio said he made the

denial to visitors who called on: him at his Baabda presidential palace after the reported resigna-

The report was broadcast Saturday by the Voice of Lebanon radio, the mouthpiece of the Falange Party mainly in Christian east Beirut, and the independent Beirut newspaper An Nahar. The cabinet crisis was sparked

by the resignation of Syrian-backed Prime Minister Rashid Karami 14 days ago. Mr. Karami said his decision

was prompted by the failure of his half-Christian, half-Muslim 10man cabinet to cope with a worsening economic crisis triggered by 12 years of civil war. Mr. Gemayel has been under pressure from rightist groups to accept the resignation and name

new government. But Muslims rallied behind Mr. Karami. Syria has served notice it was trying to persuade Mr. Karami to rescind his resignation.

committee, expanded to include members of Syrian-based factions

another Sunni Muslim to form a

quoted Mr. Gemayel as telling visitors he would not "rush into a rash move" on Mr. Karami's res-

"We should not allow ourselves to fall in mistakes that would partition and dismember the country. Therefore, we shall take whatever time is needed to arrive at the right decision." Shi'ite Muslim Amal militia

chieftain Nabih Berri, a traditional Gemayel foe, praised Mr. Gemavel in a statement published by several Beirut newspapers Sunday. "The president's stance is cor-

rect. His attitude safeguards the nation's intergrity without being affected by terrorism practiced against him in east Beirut," said Mr. Berri, who doubles as justice minister in Mr. Karami's cabinet. The remark apparently was a

reference to statements by rightist militia commander Samir Geagea that he would "keep up the pressure without letup" Mr. Gemayel to accept Mr. Kara-The Beirut daily As Safir mi's resignation.

PLO insists on role in peace conference allocation of portfolios in the

TUNIS (R) - The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leadership says it must take part in any Middle East peace conference and has drafted a statement opposing any plan to exclude it from such a meeting, a PLO spokesman said Sunday.

PLO spokesman Ahmad Abdul Rahman said the statement would be issued by the 15-member PLO Executive Com-

The PLO leadership also called for better relations with Egypt, which closed all PLO offices in Cairo last mouth, Abdul Rahman

which were reconciled with the PLO at a Palestine National Council (PNC) meeting in Algiers last month. All 10 committee members reelected at the PNC session re-

tained their old jobs, apart from Palestine Liberation Front (PLF) leader Mohammad Abbas (Abu Abbas), who has no portfolio, Abdul Rahman said. Foreign Affairs spokesman

Farouk Kaddoumi remains head of the political department. Of the five new members, Yas-The leadership decided on the ser Abd Rabbo of the Democra-

tic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) was made head of information and Abu Ali Mustapha of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) becomes responsible for Palestinian refugee camps. Communist Party leader Sulei-

man Najeb becomes head of social affairs and Abdallah Hourani, an independent, is head of culture. Mahmoud Darwish. another independent and a noted poet, becomes head of a new department of culture and information. The executive, which has been

meeting since Wednesday, was to continue its session Sunday night.

Tories fret over voter complacency

LONDON (R) — Anxiety deepened in Britain's ruling Conservative Party on Sunday that complacency among its supporters could threaten its expected victory in the June 11 general election after new opinion polls confirmed its strong lead over the

Two polls published on Sunday gave the Tories leads of 14 and nine percentage points respec-tively over the Labour Party, with the centrist alliance trailing in third place.

Conservative Party Chairman Norman Tebbit, echoing a warning from Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, said Saturday that complacency was the only real danger facing the Tories. "As long as we do our job, fight off complacency, and if we get our voters out, we will get a good

result," he said. Mrs. Thatcher is seeking a third four-year term of office and says she wants to go on subsequently to a fourth term. Mr. Tebbit's concern was reinforced by a separate poll in the Sunday telegraph suggesting that seven out of 10 Britons were already bored by the election campaign, which is getting intense media coverage.

With campaigning due to start officially on Monday, there were more indications that it will be one of the most bruising elections for decades. The Conservatives unveiled a poster accusing the Labour Party of baking extreme left-wing attitudes on homosexuals, the teaching of sex in schools and the police.

But Conservative officials de-nied a claim by Liberal Party leader David Steel that Tories were behind stories in two daily newspapers suggesting he had had a relationship with the exwife of a former party official. Mr. Steel, who angrily denied

the claims, said Saturday he was suing the two newspapers. Opinion polls have unanimously put the Conservatives comfortably ahead — one last week Tory win.

giving them an 18-point lead raising fears among party officials that Conservatives might not bother to vote.

A MORI poll published in the Sunday Times gave the Tories 44 per cent support, Labour 30 per cent and the alliance 25 per cent. This would represent an overall Tory majority of 130 seats in the 650-seat House of Commons, the lower house of parliament.

In the Observer, a Harris poll advised to go to new elections. showed the Conservatives with 42 A spokesman for Mr. Shamir per cent, Labour 33 per cent and said on Friday that Rabbi Peretz, the alliance 23 per cent, which known as the "Israeli ayatollah" would mean a 68-seat Tory for his fundamentalist views, majority. agreed to return to the cabinet Although Mrs. Thatcher post he quit in January over a dispute on registering a reform

appears to be on course for a solid victory and a record third consecutive term in office, the Harris poll indicated there was considerable scope for tactical voting -- opponents casting their ballot for an opposition party other than their own to prevent a moves.

Peres defends his timing of forcing showdown with Likud

NEW YORK (Agencies) — Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres on Sunday defended his timing in forcing a showdown with Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir over an international Middle East peace conference.

United States to act as an intermediary between Israel and the Soviet Union to get Moscow involved in the peace conference. Reacting to published criticism about his peace efforts, Mr. Peres said in an address to American Jewish leaders: "What should I have done differently? Should I have waited psychologically? You have to give me an answer."

"They say I didn't have the support at home. I say 50 per cent is quite a support and that is the support we are getting on the issues," he added.

The New York Times quoted a senior Reagan administration official on Sunday as saying Mr. Peres miscalculated in presenting his plan to the Israeli cabinet last Wednesday for a vote.

Mr. Shamir staunchly opposes the idea and the 10-member cabinet split evenly on the

The official said Mr. Peres had counted on the United States to save him somehow and that made it more difficult for Washington

to support the conference. But addressing the annual meeting of the American Jewish Committee, Mr. Peres denied

this scenario.

to quit

Israeli

coalition

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli

Communications Minister

Amnon Rubinstein said Sunday

he would protest against a cabinet

deadlock over peace moves by

pulling his centrist Shinui Party

out of a government he described

Mr. Rubinstein told a news

conference he hoped the move

would prompt a general election that would give Labour Foreign

Minister Shimon Peres a mandate

Yitzhak Shamir opposes it.

seeking to topple it.

Labour lacks the parliamentary

support to bring about early elec-

tions, and has said it would re-

main in the government while

Mr. Rubinstein, 56, said Sun-

day he expected his resignation to win party approval Wednesday

He said he believed his resigna-

tion "would strengthen the

Likud suffers setback

Likud suffered a setback on

Sunday in its efforts to enlist the

ultra-religious Shas (Sephardi

Torah Guardians) party in its

fight against an international con-

Rabbi Yitzhak Peretz, a former

Shas interior minister, met

Labour representatives and said

the government might be best

convert to Judaism as a Jew.

But Rabbi Peretz apparently

did not clear his decision with the

council of Sages, a group of rab-

bis that formulate Shas policy.

They were due to convene Sun-

day to consider the party's future

and become effective Friday.

chances for early elections"

stein said.

as a "two-headed monster."

Israelis get involved in American politics. We don't expect Amercans to get involved in our poli-He also said he expected the "The problem before the American administration is not

who to support in Israel, but what to support in the Middle East," he added. "The issue is to keep the peace momentum alive." In a U.S. television interview later Sunday, Mr. Peres said it

was unclear whether the Soviet Union would agree with the format for a peace conference. "If the Russians will not come then we shall try to do without

them," he said. "I believe what should be done right now is really to see where do the Russians stand on their parti-

The Russians are looking for something which is undefined. They call it a more dynamic role. What do they mean dynamic role?

. He said he expected the United States to play a role as an intermediary between Israel and the Soviet Union in an effort to get Moscow involved in the conference process.

"I think without the United States it will not become clear

ited States and Israel together, to States."

"I don't think I have asked for see where the Russians are, if American support on what is an they're available for a construc-Israeli issue," he said. "I don't tive opening of direct negotia-suggest, I don't expect that tions," Mr. Peres told the American Jewish Committee. 'If not,

we shall look for alternatives. The Israeli leader and the United States insist that before the Soviets are allowed to participate in an international peace conference, they must restore diplomatic relations with Israel and ease

restrictions on Jewish emigration. Mr. Peres said he decided to raise the peace conference issue now because he felt the peace process was too important to wait for the next Israeli election in late

"I'm sincerely and deeply concerned that we may miss an opportunity (for peace). So this is the real issue.

"The problem is that I'm not so sure that the option can wait for the election and Israel must make up her mind on a very very serious issue, maybe the most serious one we are facing since the creation of the state of

He said he learned from Secretary of State George Shultz on Saturday that "he remains true to his positions." He did not elaborate on what these positions

He added: "If there is a chance and I think this is now the issue of for peace it cannot be achieved without a very deep and serious "I think we shall try, the Un-involvement of the United

Iraq reports hitting two vessels in Gulf

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Iraq a cargo ship or tanker — off the the air raid at 11:28 a.m. Iranian coast in the northern Gulf

A military spokesman said the strikes were made at 0508 GMT and 0820 GMT and all the planes returned safely to base.

There was no immediate independent confirmation of the attacks from shipping and salvage sources in the region.

Iraq reported the attacks as Iran said its jets bombed an arms factory in northern Iraq. The Iraqi News Agency (INA),

to pursue a Middle East peace time target," was hit at 09:08 "I have decided to recommend to the Shinui (Change) council to The second was hit at 12:20 withdraw from the national unity p.m., it said.

government. The government has The agency quoted a military reached a dead end," Mr. Rubinspokesman in Baghdad as saying

the attacks were in the line with Mr. Peres demanded early Iraq's "firm and legitimate policy elections last week after the of disrupting the oil supplies cabinet reached a deadlock over which the Iranian regime insists the peace plan. His Labour Party favor is Israeli participation in the tion of aggression against our con._rence, while the right-wing сошпту. Likud bloc of Prime Minister Iran's official Islamic Republic

News Agency (IRNA) said Iranian fighter-bombers heavily bombed a factory near the north- Kurds had fled into Iran. ern Iraqi city of Dohuk Sunday.

It said the factory, 10 said its warplanes hit two large kilometres from the city, susnaval targets — the usual term for tained "considerable damage" in

Iraq said, however, that the residential areas of the garrison city in Iraqi Kurdistan close to the Turkish border.

Iraqi ground defences intercepted the raiding Iranian jets and forced them to fiee. INA

IRNA said the Dohuk bombing was in retaliation for recent Iraqi attacks on economic and industrial centres in Iran.

Iraq last W.dnesday bombed said the first vessel, which it oil refineries in the Iranian cities described as a "very large mari- of Tabriz and Isfahan, and on Friday bombed the Ahwaz oilfields in southern Iran. Iraqi iets also were reported to have hit two oil tankers in the Gulf. Iran retaliated shelling Iraq's

Umm Qasr oil jetty on the northern tip of the Gulf in retaliation. Iran also claimed that the Iraqi army launched a large-scale attack on Iran-backed rebel on employing for the continua- strongholds in northern Iraqi Kurdish provinces.

Iraq withheld comment on the report although Iran said heavy fighting was still continuing Saturday and that thousands of Related story on page 2

Kuwait-leased Soviet tanker hits sea mine

BAHRAIN (AP) — A Soviet oil salvage executives said Sunday. of their 61/2-year war.

On the same day, the United Arab Emirates rejected foreign escorts for its shipping while Oman's foreign minister said in Tehran that Iran should be consulted in decisions on Gulf affairs (See page 2).
The official Soviet news agency

TASS said the 67,980-tonne Marshal Chuikov struck a mine late Saturday about 35 nautical miles off Kuwait. It said there were "no victims,"

which in Soviet parlance means no crew members were killed, but it did not say whether any were It did not specify whether the

tanker was one of the three Soviet vessels leased to Kuwait. But the Gulf-based salvage executives, speaking on condition of anonymity, said it was.

The mine blew a large hole in the bottom of the hull, the Soviet agency said, as the ship was making its first trip to the Gulf.

The Marshal Chuikov is the tanker leased to Kuwait to ward second Soviet ship this month to off Iranian attacks hit a mine in suffer damage in the Gulf, where the Gulf overnight, blowing a Iran and Iraq have been attacking large hole in the hull, marine merchant shipping in an offsboot

> TASS did not say whether the mine that hit the vessel was Iranian or Iraqi. It said the 240metre vessel was being towed to Kuwait for repairs.

> The shipping executives said the Marshal Chuikov was escorted by a Soviet frigate through the Iranian-threatened Strait of Hormuz and the Gulf waters en route to Kuwait.

They confirmed that the vessel hit a sea mine, which probably drifted southwards from the mari-

time war zone further north. Iran, which attacked the Soviet freighter Ivan Koroteyev on May 6 after it had sailed from Kuwait has warned Kuwait against help-ing Iraq or asking Moscow or Washington for help.

At the time, Moscow called the attack "piratic."

In April, Moscow announced it had agreed to lease three tankers to Knwait.

Diversion of Iran arms funds was act of desperation — Secord

NEW YORK (Agencies) — Retired General Richard Secord said in an interview published Sunday that the diversion to Nicaraguan rebels of profits from U.S. arms sales to Iran was more an act of desperation than a planned strategy.

In an interview with the New York Times, Gen. Secord was quoted as saying that after Congress cut off aid to the contra rebels in 1985, their arms supply system "was a laugh."

Gen. Secord said he was then enlisted by former White House aide Lieutenant Colonel Oliver North to organise an airlift for rebeis fighting in Nicaragua.

Gen. Secord described the arrangement as one in which he would supervise the airlift while Col. North would raise the money to pay for it.

"That was the biggest single question," Gen. Secord was quoted as saying. "I said, 'I'll try it, but you are going to have to raise millions to support this.' He (North) was very optimistic about his ability to raise millions from

various channels. Col. North did not carry out his part of the plan and left the operation chronically short of money, the newspaper quoted Gen. Secord as saying.

Gen. Secord said that in April. 1985, he sent a message to Col. North saying the contra operation was out of money and that the only option was to cash a \$2 million certificate of Jeposit meant to cover insurance for the flights to Iran.

There was no other choice. It was either that or walk away in failure." Gen. Secord told the

He said that in the end Col. North found more money and the

certificate was not cashed. Gen. Secord later diverted some money that had been deposited to pay for an Iran arms shipment that was delayed for several months, the paper said.

The New York Times also reported Sunday that a key figure in the Iran-contra scandal, Robert C. Dutton, has been granted im-munity by the special prosecutor investigating the affair.

Mr. Dutton helped run the private network to supply the Nicaraguan contra rebels and has been linked to the shipment of U.S. arms to Iran last year, the newspaper said.

It quoted a federal investigator as saying Mr. Dutton, a retired air force colonel, was a "potential gold mine" for the special prosecutor, Lawrence E. Walsh.

An associate of Mr. Dutton said the former officer could provide new information indicating links between the contra supply effort and officials on the staff of Vice President George Bush, the

report said. It said he had extensive contacts with Col. North.

"Outside of North and Secord, nobody knows more about this mess than Dutton," the newspaper quoted an investigator as

ying. done anything that encroaches on The report said Mr. Dutton or violates it," Mr. Reagan said. had appeared before a grand jury

within the past three weeks and be indirect assistance, if he, as has been interviewed for several hours by investigators working for Walsh.

President Reagan said Saturday that he had "never done anything" that encroached upon or violated a congressional ban on direct or indirect military aid does not think that measure applied to him.

Mr. Reagan was asked at a White House reception about an interview published in the May edition of U.S. News and World Report.

Mr. Reagan told the magazine, there is nothing in the law (the Boland Amendment) that prevents citizens — individuals or groups - from offering aid of whatever kind they wanted to ... and my interpretation was that it was not restrictive on the national security adviser or National Security Council."

The magazine also quoted Mr. Reagan as saying that the amendment, which is no longer in effect and had differing provisions at different times, never prohibited him from asking others for aid to the contra rebels fighting Nicaragua's leftist Sandinista govern-

The amendment is named for its sponsor, Democratic Representative Edward Boland.

The president was asked at the reception whether his remarks meant he believed the amendment did not apply to him. "It so happens that it does not apply to me, but I have never

When asked whether it would 6.

president, asked soemeone else to supply the contras with the type of aid prohibited by the amendment, Mr. Reagan replied: "I didn't ask." In other developments

Saturday: - A former U.S. mercenary to Nicaraguan rebels, although he Jack Terrell, said contra leader Adolfo Calero asked him in December 1984 to devise a plot to kill rival contra leader Eden Pastora, the providence journal reported. Terrell said Robert Owen, the associate of Lt.-Col. Oliver North who testified on Capitol Hill on Thursday,

attended the meeting.

— Former National Security Adviser Robert McFarlane speculated in an interview broadcast by National Public Radio that the late CIA director, William Casey, may have known for several years that he was dying and that may have prompted him to take a more active role in Iran-contra matters.

Mr. McFarlane, who testified last week before the congressional hearing, said he believed Mr. Casey, "determined that he Casey, wanted to do one or two things for which he knew he would have to accept history's judgment, but things that he believed were right and would benefit the country and his president."

Mr. Casey collapsed from a brain seizure in December, just before he was scheduled to testify before a congressional panel on the Iran-contra affair. He underwent surgery for a cancerous brain tumour, resigned as CIA boss on Feb. 2 and died on May

changed" at both meetings. 5 killed in Sudanese

KHARTOUM (R) — Five people were killed in fighting after a member of one Sudanese tribed

UAE rejects

protection

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — The United Arab Emirates (UAE) on

Sunday rejected foreign warship.

escorts for its vessels against Ira-nian attacks in the Gulf.

The rejection was contained in a

statement denying that the gov-

ernment requested British

warship escorts for tankers and

freighters plying its ports, as re-

ported by some news organisa-

"The UAE sees no reason to

ask for foreign protection of its vessels," said a statement carried

by the official Emirates News

Agency and attributed to re-

serve relations between the UAE

The agency also reported that the commander of the U.S. naval

task force in the Gulf region,

Admiral Harold Bernsen, called on UAE Chief of Staff Major

General Mohammad Saad Al

Adm. Bernsen, whose des-

troyer La Salle leads the seven-

unit task force patrolling the

Gulf, also called on Emirates

Navy Commander Brigadier

Hamed Sabet, the agency said. It reported that "friendly con-

versations and souvenirs were ex-

and its friends."

Badi on Sunday.

"Such fabricated reports do not

sponsible government sources.

for ships

foreign

injured in the clash between Dinka and Arab tribesmen in Sudan's central province, which resulted in 29 arrests by police.

when a Dinka urinated on the wall of a house belonging to a member of the Arab Slamat tribe.

tribesmen and the Dinkas, southem Sudan's principal tribe and the mainstay of the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA), which is seeking autonomy for the mainly pagan and Christian south from the Muslim north.

tribes to fight SPLA. Diplomats in Khartoum say the weapons have been used to settle old tribal

Witnesses to the massacre said

the figure at 200-300.

Shatila massacre survivors sue Israeli military attache in U.S.

U.S. district court for Washington, D.C. against Israeli military attache to the United States, Maj.-Gen. Amos Yaron, an ADC press release reported.

The complaint seeks damages against Gen. Yaron for "the wrongful torture and murder" of the plaintiffs' relatives and "for injuries to the plaintiffs at the Sabra and Shatila refugee camps in Lebanon in September 1982." The named plaintiffs in the case are Fatimeh Ali Aidi, Zeineb Sa'ad, and Samia Khatib.

The American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC), has been tracking the progress of law suits brought by victims of war crimes and decided late last year to facilitate this action on behalf of the Palestinian victims when Gen. Yaron was granted a diplomatic appointment in

Then Brigadier General Yaron was stripped of his military field. command in 1983 as a result of his complicity in the Sabra and Shatila massacre. In 1986 he was rewarded by the Israeli government with a promotion to the rank of major general and an appointment as military attache to Washington.

The complaint details the facts of the massacre citing the report issued by the official Israeli investigation referred to as the Kahan

Commission, and explains that: 'The Kahan Commission, established by the government of Israel to investigate the responsibility of Israeli officials for the Sabra and Shatila massacres, found that the defendant Brigadier General Yaron, in performing his duties as the commander of the Israeli forces occupying the area of the camps, did not properly evaluate and did not check reports that reached him concerning acts of killings and other irregular actions of the Falangists in the camps, did not pass on that

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — information to the General Op-Three Sabra-Shatila massacre survivors have filed suit in the staff immediately after it 1982 erations Command to the chief of staff immediately after it had been received on Sept. 16,1982, and did not take appropriate steps to stop the Falangists' action in the camps immediately upon receiving the reports. The commission found he had committed a 'grave error' in 'breach of the duties incumbent upon him by virtue of his position,' and recommended that he not serve in the capacity of field commander in the Israeli army for three vears.

In addition to the Kahan report, the complaint relies on the detailed affidavits of the survivors, including that of Zeineb Sa'ad as described below:

On Thursday, Sept. 16, 1982, at approximately 6:00 p.m., the plaintiff Zeineb Sa'ad was at her home in the Shatila camp, with her mother, father, and sister. At that time, a group of armed men came to their home, and removed plaintiff's father to another room on the first floor ostensibly for the purpose of interrogating him. Shortly thereafter plaintiff and her mother and sister heard cries, and went to the first floor to see what was going on. Plaintiff saw the armed men standing over the body of her father, who had been struck with an axe on his head dividing the head in two. When the plaintiff's sister Afaf Sa'ad saw the body of their father, Afaf began to cry out loud with all her strength. Plaintiff then saw one of the armed men shoot her sister Afaf, after which another of the armed men struck Afaf's head with the axe. The armed men put Afaf's body next to that of their father, and then left the house. The plaintiff Zeineb Sa'ad and

The plaintiffs and their deceased relatives were civilian resi-

her mother thereafter managed

Hague Convention and the Fourth Geneva Convention, As commander of the Israeli occupying forces in west Beirut. Gen. Yaron was not only responsible for plaintiffs' protection, but was also liable for any reprisals, the physical suffering and the extermination of civilian residents, the press release said.

The complaint also charges Gen. Yaron with being individual ly culpable for the actions of the Falangists against the survivors under the Nuremberg Principles, which define and outlaw war crimes and crimes against humanity.

In addition, this action further relies upon U.S. supreme court precedents which hold that an official or commander is responsible for war crimes when he had actual knowledge, or should have had knowledge, through reports received by him that troops or other persons subject to his control are about to commit or have committed war crimes, and fails to take the necessary and reasonable steps to ensure compliance with the law of war. The complaint alleges that the forces which committed the massacre were under Gen. Yaron's control and that he did nothing to stop it even though he knew it was tak-

ing place. In light of Gen. Yaron's grave breach of duty, the plaintiffs suffered damages by reason of the wrongful death of their relatives, emotional distress, suffering and loss of property.

Gen. Yaron's position with the Israeli embassy does not entitle him to diplomatic immunity under the Fourth Geneva Convention which expressly waives such protection for those alleged to have committed grave to escape from the Shatila breaches of that convention. Also, under the Nuremberg Principles two governments cannot dents of the refugee camps and, as such, were "protected per-from accountability for his acts. agree to immunise a war criminal

Iran hearings 'further crippling' Reagan

WASHINGTON (R) — Congressional hearings on the Irancontra affair have shown that Ronald Reagan, already widely regarded as "lame duck" president, was more deeply involved than he has admitted, according to political experts.

They say the current hearing by House of Representatives and Senate committees into the armsfor-Iran scandal, which shook the White House, has further tarnished Mr. Reagan's image and reduced his effectiveness.

There are rocky times ahead for Mr. Reagan," Norman Ornstein of the private American Enterprise Institute, a close observer of the presidency, told Reuters.

Veteran political analyst Mark Shields bluntly said: "The hearings show Reagan is not going to come back from this affair."

Congressional interrogators have been probing Mr. Reagan's role in the affair, a disaster for his administration, in which arms were sold to Iran and the proceeds passed on to Nicaraguan contra rebels at a time when Congress had temporarily banned such aid.

Mr. Reagan had been among

November his standing plunged.

So far, no firm evidence has was involved in the possibly illeg-al scheme to divert Iran arms saleprofits to the contras.

Even so, analysts say the hearings have destroyed his initial defence that he was aloof and uninformed about his own foreign policy and hence unsullied by had seized. the scandal.

the contras but insisting he did nothing illegal.

'Reagan's first defence was Stephen Hess of the private Brookings Institution.

so far has been former National
Security Advisor Robert McFarReagan's claim that he had not lane, who testified last week that: solicited Saudi aid was incredible

approved a plan to pay \$2 million tarnished Reagan and eroded his ing sectarian fighting in the southin bribes and ransom to free U.S. greatest strength — candour." ern city of Kahramanmaras.

Evening Show Contd.
News Summary
Evening Show Continued
News Summary

..... Evening Show Continued

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 A Night to

Remember 07:45 Reflections 07:56 Waveguide 08:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Nature Notebook 08:45 Recording of the Weck 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Former Flashpoints 10:00 World News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 Potest

Hours: News Summary 10:30 Detective 11:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 A Night to Remember 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press

Review 12:15 Good Books 12:30 Financial News 12:45 Peebles Choice

Financial News 12-45 Peebles' Choice 13:00 News Summary: Former Flashpoints 13:30 The Vintage Chart Show 14:00 World News 14:90 News About Britain 14:15 Training for Tomorrow 14:30 Album Time 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Brain of Britain 15:45 Sports Round-up 16:00 World News 16:09 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 You Ain't Heard Nothin' Yest 17:00 News Summary: Outlook 17:45 Hotel du Lac 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Formar Flashpoints 18:45 Sportsworld 19:00 World News 19:00 Commentary 19:15 Liberty 19:30 Beecham's Lollipop 20:15 The History of Radio Cornedy 20:30 New Ideas 29:40 Book Choice 20:15 The History of Radio Cornedy 20:15 The History of Radio Cornedy

20:15 The History of Radio Comedy 20:50 Sports Round-up 21:00 New-desk 22:39 Stock Market Report 00:15 Beecham's Lollipop 00:20 Vintage Chart Show 02:15 Liberty 02:30 Finan-

VOICE OF AMERICA

the most popular presidents but hostages in Lebanon. Mr. after the scandal broke last Reagan said he could not remember such a plan.

— Mr. Reagan ordered his emerged that Mr. Reagan, 76, staff to help the contras to "hold body and soul together" after Congress banned aid and personally intervened with the head of an unnamed Central American country, identified by congressional sources as Honduras, to unblock a contra arms shipment it

"The president made clear that The White House has been he wanted a job done," Mr. forced to adopt a new strategy — McFarlane said, adding that he admitting Mr. Reagan was heavi-ly involved in decisions to support information that I got" on private aid to the contras, briefing him dozens of times.

- Mr. Reagan met Saudi Arathat he was, in effect, stupid, not bia's King Fahd in February 1985, culpable, but the first witnesses after which Saudi Arabia agreed have certainly not questioned his to double its support for the intelligence," said politics expert contras to \$2 million a month. The president denied he had

solicited funds from Saudi Ara-

From Mr. Reagan's stand-point, the most damaging witness so far has been former National

Analyst Mark Shields said Mr. - Mr. Reagan personally and added: "This (assertion) has

Turkey lifts martial law in 4 provinces

ANKARA (AP) - The National Security Council has said it would lift martial law in four south eastern provinces.

The announcement from the council of military and civilian leaders said martial law will end July 19 in the south east provinces of Digarbakir, Hakkari, Mardin and Sirt. The council recommended to

substitute emergency rule in those four provinces for an interim period of four months, bringing the number of provinces under emergency rule to nine, including Istanbul. Emergency rule differs from

martial law in that emergency powers are exercised by civilian provincial governors instead of military commanders. The council decision means

that all of Turkey will be free of martial law for the first time in 8½ years. Martial law first was proclaimed in 13 of Turkey's 67 pro-

vinces in December 1978 follow-

tribal clash

urinated on the house of another. the official Sudan News Agency SUNA reported Sunday. It said several people were also

The independent daily newspaper Al Ayam said the clash began

Tension is high between Arab

The government arms the Arab

The government is under pressure to probe a massacre of Dinka civilians by government-backed Arab militiamen in March.

said Sunday. at least 1,500 people were killed but government officials have put

CAABU urges U.K. parties to exclude Mideast conflict from domestic politics LONDON — The Council for the said: "Among its members and drawn to the recognition, world-Advancement of Arab-British supporters, CAABU has ment wide, that the Palestinian peo-

Advancement of Arab-British Understanding (CAABU) has issued an open letter to the leaders of the main British political parties, urging that the conflict in the Middle East should not be exploited in the general election for am in domestic policie a CAABU press release received in Amman said.

The press release quoting attacked for doing so.

CAABU Director David Watkins "Your attention is

bers of all the main parties as well as many who have no specific party affiliation. It is our concern that conflict in the Middle East should not be exploited for poli- what is clearly their own repretical gain in domestic politics and sentative organisation, the Palesthat those who uphold the rights of the Palestinian people should (PLO). There is also recognition not be unfairly and unjustifiably workiwide that the PLO must be

"Your attention is especially in the Middle East.

ple have been and continue to be special victims of conflict," Mr. Watkins was quoted as saying

"As a result, they have created tine Liberation Urganisation involved in negotiations for peace

\$20,000 sought to publish Pollard's book

but did not elaborate.

TEL AVIV (AP) — The fatherin-law of American spy Jonathan Jay Pollard has asked Israelis for a \$20,000 loan so he can publish a book by Pollard, a newspaper

Bernard Henderson also told the newspaper Maariv that his daughter, Anne Henderson-Pol-

lard, was placed in solitary con-finement after fighting with another prisoner. He said the for helping him. fight had anti-semitic overtones,

Pollard, 32, a former U.S. civilian navy analyst, was sentenced selling up to 1,000 secret U.S. ing of support from Israelis!

Ambulance 195, 17311 Amman downtown fire brigade 198

Blood Bank 778305 Crvil Defence rescue 661112 Fire headquarters 622090-3 Police rescue 192, 621111, 637777 Police beadquarters 639141

HOSPITALS

Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muliajreen ... Al-Bashir, J. Ashralieh .

Both_are Jewish, and Pollard has said he was motivated by 2 desire to help Israel. The couple's to life in prison in March for sentencing prompted an outpour-

TV & RADIO

23:65

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

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14:10	Programme Revie
14:20	Children's programm
14:45	Ragadan Conte
14:50	Local Puzzi
15:10	Cooking Programm
16:00	Arabic pk
16:25	Children's store
16:50	Historical Serie
17:30	Religious Programm
17:40	Arabic come
19:00	Religious Programme
20:00	News in Arab
20:30	Arabic Seri
21:30	Arabic Seri
22:15	Tomorrow's programm
22:20	Local Seri
23:00	News summary in Arah
72.10	A malain Cl

PROGRAMME TWO

News in Arabic
Ever Decreasing Circles
Moonlighting
News in English RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

Felicien Greveche
News in French
Sport magazine (French)

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& parth o	n 9560 KHz. SW 774111-19
Tel:	774111-19
07:09	Light Music
	Newsdesk
08:00	Morning Show
	News Summai y
	Just a Minute
	Follow the Wind
	News Summary
	30-Minute Theatre
	News Summary
	Pop Session Contd.
	News Bulletin
	Just a Minute
	Concert Hour
	News Summai v
16:05	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
	Men from the Ministry
	Pop Session
	News Summary
	Sports Roundup
18:39	Music
19:00	Nows Dosk
	Date with a Star
20:00	Evening Show
21:00	News Summary

TODAY'S EVENTS

"A King in New York" at 5:00 p.m. at the American Centre.

"F. Brandel" at 4:00 p.m. at the French Cultural Centre.

Goethe Institute Haya Arts Centre Hussein Youth City Y.W.C.A. . 641743 Amman Municipal Library ... Univ. of Jordan Library

MUSEUMS

MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz 95:99 News 95:19 Newstine 95:39 VO.3 95:00 News 05:10 Newsline 95:30 VO.3 Morning 06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 97:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 08:30 VO.3 Morning 17:00 Newsline 17:30 Music USA 18:00 News 18:10 Focus 18:10 Special English News & Features 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Magnatine Steps 20:00 Newsline 19:30 Magnatine Steps 20:00 Newsline Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:10 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:10 p.m. Closed on Friday. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaiss from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Annman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has 19:30 Magazine Show 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:00 News 21:10 Newsline America 21:30 Music USA 22:00 News & Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News 23:10 World

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

An exhibition of children's books and crafts at the Friends of Chi-dren Club in Jabai Loweibdeh (until 3 iay 18).

 An exhibition of Arabic calligraphy at the University of Jordan (until May FEATURE FILM

VIDEO

CULTURAL CENTRES Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 661026.7 American Centre 644371
American Centre library 641520
British Council 636147,8
French Cultural Centre 637009

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum" Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:10

Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: H₁₅
an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabel Al Qal'a
(Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00
a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official
holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.).
Closed Tuesdays.

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntipath, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

Martyrs' Memorial (Military Martyrs' Memorial (Military should always be verified.

Museum): Collection of military memorabilia duting from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Ammon Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holiday Iam, 1:30 p.m.
Lions Fhiladelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Iam, 1:30 p.m. 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday
at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00

p.m. Royal Antomobile Club. Jabal Anaman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, CHURCHES St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Ammuciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeb, Tel.

63/440.

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)

Jabal Hussein, Tel. 66/757.

Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic),

Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30

p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Annenciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Ru-decemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383. Armenium Catholic Church Ashrafich, Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fich, Tel. 775261.

denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. Evangelical Lutheran Church, Ani-man, Arabic Service: Sunday 7:00 p.m., Rainbow Congregation, English Ser-vice: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Rev. N. Smir, Tel. 811295.

St. Ephraian Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751. Amman International Church (Inter-

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

..... Cairo (RJ)
..... Damascus (RJ)
Muscat, Dubai (RJ) Jeddah (RJ) Abu Dhabi, Kuwait (RJ) Larnaca (RJ

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Sana'a (LH) . Bucharest (RO) Bucharest (RC)
Cairo (MS)
Atlanbul, Ankara (Tk,)
Babrain, Larnaca (Gl)
Baghdad (IA)
Beirut (ME)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

12-36 Agaba (RI)
12-36 Paris (RI)
12-36 Paris (RI)
12-35 Vienna, Chicago, Los Angeles (RI)
13-15 Frankfurt, Copenhagen (RI)
14-60 RI 14:30 24:30 21:00 21:30 21:45 Kuwait, Dhahran (R.) Baghdad (R.)
Bahrain, Doba (R.) Abu Dhabi, Duhai (R.) . Cairo (RJ)

Cairo, Loadon (BA) Frankfurt (LH) 11:10 13:30 Bucharest (RO) 14:20 . Cairo (MS) Kirwait (KU) Ankara, Istanbul (TK) Bahrain (GF) 16:20

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

MONEY EXCHANGE

Sunday rates Local sell/buy rates in fils 165/ 166.6 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.69 | 15.6

PRAYER TIMES

16:13 Maghreb WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

It will be not with the appearance of medium and high clouds. Possibly, there will be thunder showers in the eastern and southern parts. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and Aqaba . Deserts Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 34, Aqaba 40. Humidity readings: Amman 16 per ceat, Aqaba 18 p.r.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

Jordan Television ... Radio Jordan Ministry of Tourism ... 774111/19 Hotel complaints Price complaints

Overseas calls

AMMAN:
 Dr. Musa Bashir
 615487

 Dr. Joseph Msih
 770560

 Dr. Hisham Abu Arqoub
 893122

 Dr. Dawoud Samhouri
 778526

Khaled taxi

Dr. Lawrence Bader Алаз pharmacy Al Sharaa'

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GENERAL EMERGENCIES 891228

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cal)270 / 230	Oraces (local)	150 / 🗀
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Yarmouk University gets JD 6m syndicated loan

AMMAN (Petra) — Yarmonk Fahoum, Arab Bank general University is to receive a syndicated loan of JD 6 million repayable over five years with a grace period of 30 months, in accordance with an agreement signed in Amman Sunday.

The loan, guaranteed by the Jordanian government, was organised jointly by the Arab Bank and the Housing Bank. The agreement was signed for the government by Minister of Fi-nance Hanna Odeh and Central Bank Governor Hussein Al Qassem. It was also signed by Yar-mouk University President Mohammad Hamdan, director

The loan will help the university to meet its financial commitments arising from projects at the University of Science and Tech-nology, affiliated with Yarmouk University, and located in the porth, near Irbid.

A spokesman for the Housing Bank said later that the bank had earlier contributed to the construction of facilities at Yarmouk University and the University of Science and Technology by loan-

ing them JD 4 million.

He said that with the new loan the Housing Bank will have thus general of Housing Bank Zuhair far granted both unit Khouri and Mr. Munther Al total of JD 7 million. far granted both universities a

Housing Corporation allots 3,500 Abu Nuseir units

AMMAN (Petra) - The Housing Corporation has distributed all of the 3,500 housing units at the Abu Nuseir housing estate, west of here, to government em-ployees. 300 units will be offered for sale to retired personnel and the private sector, corporation director Shafiq Zawaideh announced Sunday.

These 300 units will be sold to those willing to pay 10 per cent of the cost of the homes in advance. This is unlike the case of government employees who have been exempted from making an advanced payment, Mr. Zawaideh pointed out

After the government revised their prices earlier this year and dropped the requirement for advance payment, many more government employees bought the housing. Mr. Zawaideh said that iaries were allowed to spread instalments over 30 years

5.5 per cent annually. The Housing Corporation has built a road to link the housing estate with the main two lane road going to Yajouz highway and installed basic services like water supply and electricity.
According to Mr. Zawaideh's

Sunday's statement, half of the estate have not yet been supplied with electricity, but work is underway on the project.

The Housing Corporation had earlier reached agreement with the Ministry of Health to open a health clinic and another with the Public Transport Corporation to operate a regular bus service to Abu Nuseir housing estate.

The housing units were built on only half of the land allotted for the project carried out by Chinese and French contracting firms. According to Mr. Zawaideh the other half will be instead of 25 with an interest of put up for sale to the public.



Minister of Communications Muhieddine Al Husdigital telephone exchange at Marj Al Hamam (Petra photo) seini (third left) and Japan's Ambassador to Jordan Akira Nakayama (second left) Sunday tour a new

World Health Assembly accepts Jordan's plan for smoke-free day

GENEVA (Petra) — The World Zaid Hamzeh. Health Assembly (WHA) has de- The WHA cided to consider April 7 each year as a day free of smoking throughout the world. The decision was in response to a Jordanian proposal that requested that member states of the World Health Organisation (WHO) observe a non-smoking day on April 7 during which all governments ban the selling of cigarettes in their countries in an attempt to convince people to stop smoking.

The proposal was made during the WHA meetings in Geneva which ended Sunday and attended by delegates from around the world. Jordan was represented by Health Minister

The WHA appealed to all tobacco producers around the world to stop all advertising activity, especially in the developing nations. It also called on media around the world to refrain from

publishing tobacco or cigarettes. The WHA decision was included in a statement which also urged world nations and organisations to work to curb the use of alcohol in medicine and drugs, to reduce the incidents of diarrhoea through improvement in nutrition, and also to encourage breast feeding and the use of purified water for drinking.

The statement also urged nations to spread inoculation

WHO to mark 40th anniversary

The statement called on WHO member nations to mark next year, which is the organisation's 40th anniversary, with activities and programmes designed to highlight the need for primary health care and to form national committees in each country to celebrate the occasion.

It said that the Universal Postal Union (UPU) is expected to issue special postage stamps in the coming year to mark the WHO anniversary. The statement was issued on

the eve of the start of the WHO's executive committee's 80th meeting. The committee will make a comprehensive assessment of the organisation's world-wide activity and prepare topics for discussion by the WHO's general assembly in May 1988.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Communications Muhieddine Al Husseini inaugurated the Mari Al Hamam new digital telephone exchange on Sunday.

The inauguration was attended by Mohammad Shahid Ismail, the director general of Jordan Telecommunications Corporation (TCC), the Japanese ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Akira Nakayama, in addition to guests and TCC

This exchange was executed by the TCC as part of the five-year plan. This new exchange was put into commercial service on the 30th of April 1987 when some 1,030 subscribers (previously served by Wadi Essir exchange) were cutover to this new ex-

The installed exchange employs up-to-date techniques by the Japanese industry in the field of digital exchanges. It has an initial capacity of 6,000 subscribers which can be expanded gradually up to almost 40,000 subscribers. The exchange is characterised by a multi-processor control system which makes it possible to evenly distribute the heavy traffic volume among these multi-processors.

The inauguration of Mari El Hamam switch coincides with the TCC's celebrating World Telecommunication Day, May

TCC is now completing the subscribers outside plant network in Marj El Hamam town with some 10,000 lines covering all Marj El Hamam town, the housing estates of the Ministry of Education, the Royal Jordanian and Hamzah besides Um Abharah.

It is expected that TCC will be able to serve new subscribers eradually in Marj El Hamam exchange as of the end of this month. The cost of the switch totalled around JD 1.6 million, while the cost of the subscriber networks totalled around JD 1.7

Minister inaugurates telephone

exchange in Marj Al Hamam

TCC director marks Telecommunications Day

million. The implementation of this exchange is one of the TCC projects to be implemented under the 4th Japanese loan, whereby Abdali exchange has been recently put into commercial service which cost JD 3.6 million with an initial capacity of 20,000 subscribers expandable to 40,000 subscribers. The Japanese loan amounts to \$86 million

The other projects which TCC is completing under the 4th Japanese loan are:

- implementation of local networks in Wadi Essir, Sweileh and

 an integrated overall network covering Karak and Tafila gov-ernorates serving 78 towns and communities with an initial capacity of 10,000 subscribers expandable to 20,000 subscribers. expansion of Marka, Sweileh, Wadi Essir, Karak and Aqaba existing exchanges with 29.6 thousand telephone numbers

Most of the above projects in the different areas are expected to be completed and put into commercial use by the end of

The Japanese ambassador spoke on the occasion praising the level of cooperation between his country and Jordan in telecommunications fields. He described the project as the fruit of cooperation between two friendly

The minister of communications said in his speech that the project translates the govern-

and improve the quality of tele-phone services in the Kingdom. Mr. Ismail voiced the TCC's deep appreciation for the level of cooperation between Japan and

Mr. Ismail also addressed the gathering to commemorate orld Telecommunications Day.

He made the following remarks: "Telecommunications in the services of nations' has been the theme chosen this year to cele-brate, today, May 17, the 19th World Telecommunication Day which coincides with the date of signature in Paris, in 1865, of the first International Telegraph Convention which set up the International Telecommunications Union (ITU).

"In the message received from the ITU secretary general, a target has been identified in the following paragraph:-

"It is for each country to design and construct its telecommunications infrastructure in such a way to realise national objectives set to meet the needs of the population. In the year 2000, every inhabitant of our planet should be having, in practice, access to basic telecommunication facilities with all the advantages they offer."

"In this context, we could say that by the end of the new five-year plan 1986-1990 and provided the required finance has been secured in due time, the TCC will be able to meet this target more than half way.

The target as planned will enable TCC to offer most modern services to some 500,000 customers residing in some 695 towns and villages with an overall rate of penetration of 16.3%. This same rate when measured by the other criteria (i.e. number of telephones per household) will yield a rate of penetration of 99.5%, which is not a very long ment's determination to expand way away from the ITU target.

External forces key to Lebanon's war -

By Selamen B. Ne matt Jordan Times Staff Reporter. AMMAN — A senior Lebanese diplomat has cited the Palestinian presence in his country and the external exploitation of Lebanon's "liberal democratic system" to be among the chief causes that sparked the con-tioning dispersional war.

Find the Lebanese Energy Ministry, attributed the continuation of

the war to the present Israeli occupation of South Lebanon. the Palestinian problem, violation of the country's sovereignty by regional and other powers, West polarisation.

Addressing Jordanian officials, Arab ambassadors and intellectuals at the World Affairs Council on Saturday exeming, Mr. Turk ambitions to divide the region assented that without the coopalong ethnic and sectarian lines." eration of regional and international powers, national reconciliation is not possible.

"If the problem was only in Lebanon," Mr. Turk said, "it would have ended long ago. We have jeached several agreements since the beginning of the war, Lebanese diplomat said, explaining that "if the external elements did not cooperate, the problem

would persist." Mr. Turk said that Lebanon had also been "the victim of the great burden which the presence of hundreds of thousands of Palestinians on its land." He said this presence resulted in "demogphic imbalances that directly menced the nation's policy... especially as there had been violations of the country's unity and its authority.'

Mr. Turk said that as a result. Lebanon became "the victim of Israel's aggressive policy, espe-Israel's so-called preventive blows against Lebanese political as well as military targets." He said the Jewish state had "clear

On the effects of the Palestine question on Lebanon, Mr. Turk said: "The Lebanese crisis is at. the centre of the Middle East problem, because of the injustice that accompanied the establishment of Israel at the expense of since the beginning of the war, the people of Palestine; the but they were not effective," the Israeli expansionist policy and the

Palestinian armed struggle against it caused imbalances in

> 100 per cent free. There has to be a liberation from israeli occupation and interference in internal Lebanese affairs," he

Commenting on the previous agreements which have been ineffective in Lebanon, Mr. Masri said that such agreements failed because they were never allowed to er or the domain of practical politics.

Mr. Turk, a Roman Catholic with the principle of dividing tion," he said.

Mr. Marwan Dudin, minister of occupied territories affairs; who attended the lecture, expressed reservation towards Mr. Turk's statements on the Palestinian presence in Lebanon. The minister said that "Lebanese politicians should cease to think that the 300,000 Palestinians in Lebanon would go as soon as a solution to the Palestine question is reached."

He said: "the problem of

from Syria and Israel, "other forces are secondary and could be contained." He said he believed that other forces were able to manipulate developments in Lebanon because of internal divisions that were exploited by these

Mr. Turk agreed but said that the internal national will is not

Christian, said that he disagreed power along religious and ethnic lines. "I have never been able to establish a link between my position and my religious denomina-

Palestinian presence only comes from excesses which in Jordan we were able to handle firmly and wisely. We never thought about where are we going to go with

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Ordinary issue Non





Drawing of: May 17, 1987

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22972 Holder of ticket No.

Wins JD 1,000

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Wins JD 1,000

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Voter registration ends (Continued from page 1)

Kingdom have been counted, the Ministry of Interior is expected to

amonace the figure. It was not known yesterday whether the announcement would be made today, or whether it will be held until all legal procedures connected with it

ave been completed. There is no official figure for the total number of eligible voters in the Kingdom, but estimates hover over the number of 1.2

Afthough the 14-day voter registration, period coincided with the holy month of Ramadan, the registration process was termed as "highly successful" by the under secretary of the Ministry of Interior, Mr. Ahmad Akaileh. He told the Jordan Times: "This successful turnout surpassed previous expectations that the voter registration process would be much slower during Ramadan."

In contrast with the relatively slow pace of voter registration witnessed throughout the Kingdom earlier last week, there has been a sharp rise in the number of eligible voters registering in the last several days. Many officials and observers attribute this to expected changes in registration patterns, but also to reports of mcreasing support for holding parliamentary elections this year.

Several cabinet members have recently stated that if was more likely than not that parliamentary clections would be held before the end of this year. Their state-nears selected the government's stand on the issue; that elections are inevitable unless unexpected developments arise

that Saintlay's cabinet meeting said.

dedicated four hours of the session to discussing the subject of parliamentary elections. The meeting was described by a cabinet member as "very fruitful." The minister, who asked for

term ends by mid-January. But according to the Constitution, the King is empowered to extend parliament's term for one or two

dates and their supporters, and an intense media campaign promoting voter registration as well as visible campaigns carried out by governors, mayors, dignitaries and heads of professional associations urging citizens to practise their democratic rights, showed results as they were cited by many

one more month to be finalised after the various parties concerned in the process complete their review.

by closing time yesterday.

of voters who registered in the governorate during the 1984 byelections in contrast to this time, registering thus "excellent prog-ress." This rise indicates that the 1986 electoral law has given citizens a "better chance" to practise their democratic rights in

anonymity, did not elaborate, although he indicated the government was in favour of holding parliamentary elections.
Parliament's present four-year

Electioneering by eager candithis project into being, according to its director Ra fat Majali.

the high turnout. The final voter lists, to be adopted for the impending par-liamentary elections, will need

The lordan Times has learnt the parliamentary elections, he

or remote sensing device (JRGC) is currently involved in the process of establishing a cen-tre for remote sensing. The JRGC has been in contact with a number of countries to help bring

Mr. Majali said that the proas the main driving force behir. ected remote sensing centre will be of use to the country in the fields of agriculture, water con-servation, regional planning and meteorology, among other fields. This centre, he said, is part of the JRGC's contribution towards

Amman Governor Mohammad Ali Al Amin on Sunday confirmed that a total of 282,108 people were registered as voters throughout Amman governorate

Mr. Amin said there was an increase of 110,000 in the number

Lebanon especially because of Israeli aggressions on its terri-He warned that if not contained by all parties involved, the strife in Lebanon could expand to

effect the security and stability of other countries in the region. In a debate that followed the lecture. Mr. Turk stressed that the Lebanese people did not hold all the cards to end the civil strife. He said that other Arab states added. needed to help by formulating a clear policy on Lebanon through the convening of an Arab sum-"If the Arab element was mit.

settled, the other issues would be more flexible," he said. On his country's relations with Syria, Mr. Turk said that Beirut had "a special relationship" with Damascus and that the two countries shared "common ambitions

and destiny."

Proposals and drafts on shared rule in the Lebanese government are currently under negotiations by all factions, Mr. Turk said. The focus, he added, is on reaching a formula that would guarantee "proper" representation in the running of the country and changes in the decision-making process. The negotiations, under Syrian auspices, are concerned with reshaping and defin-ing the powers of the president,

ment.

Commenting on Mr. Turk's statements, Foreign Minister Taher Masri who was attending the lecture, said he believed that a solution to the Lebanese problem "has to come from the in-

the prime minister, and parlia-

side." Mr. Masri said that apart Palestinians."

Geographic centre plans

vMAN (Petra) — The Jordan the implementation of Jordan's Geographic Centre five-year development plan. The JRGC continues to draw up maps and is at present storing. maps in its data bank for use by planners and decision-makers. Mr. Majali pointed out that the JRGC has recruited and trained personnel and technicians in cartography at the centre, which was originally established with French aid.

Mr. Majali noted that the JRGC which was established in

1975 has been of immense help

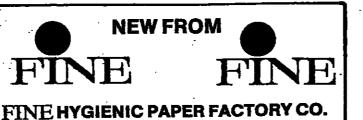
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Table turned on Israel

EVER since the inception of the Palestinian problem, the Arabs were accused of being the side opposed to a peaceful solution of the Arab-Israeli conflict. Throughout these years, the sophisticated Israeli anda machine succeeded in conveying the impression that the propaganda machine succeeded in conveying the improvement Arab-Israeli Arabs had repeatedly rejected all peace overtures to end Arab-Israeli hostility and are therefore responsible for the stalemate in peace efforts in the Middle East. The Western world, in particular, accepted Israeli allegations at face value and joined Israel in putting the blame for not achieving peace in our region squarely on the shoulders of the Arabs. The Arab World tried in vain to set the record straight and failed in its repeated attempts to point out the positive Arab responses to the various peace initiatives put on the table by the international community, whether through the United Nations or through the Non-Aligned Movement or the European Community. Even those peace efforts introduced by the United States, which is traditionally Israel's arch ally in the area, were rendered obsolete and inoperation-

al by no other party than Israel itself.

It would be beyond our scope here to chronicle all the peace initiatives that the Arabs accepted and the Israelis rejected. But think, if you like, of the only peace agreement that Israel had signed with an Arab country, namely Egypt, which came within the framework of the Camp David accords. Jordan together with the rest of the Arab World opposed these accords at the time they were negotiated and concluded on the premise that the agreements were not sound enough to lead to general peace between the Arabs and Israel. Israel at the time used Arab opposition to the accords to its maximum advantage, claiming all the time that the Arabs were at it again, sabotaging all peace efforts in the area. But after nearly a decade, the Arab assessment has proven right and there is still no peace between the Arabs and Israel; this is so because the Begin government signed the Camp David accords only to isolate Egypt and to pave the way for Israeli annexation of the West

Today, the picture looks considerably different; and even the mighty Israeli propaganda machine cannot hide the fact that it is Israel which is blocking all efforts to reach a comprehensive settlement to the Palestinian problem. Whoever has been following the debate in Israel on the proposed international conference over the past weeks will realise this instantly. The Israeli foreign minister, who represents a major part in the Israeli body politic and who until recently was prime minister admits that it is his own government which has been blocking attempts to hold such a conference, and is thereby missing an

"unprecedented opportunity" to make peace with the Arabs.

It is not all due to the failure of the Israeli propaganda machine that we are seeing this new and different picture in the Middle East today. The exposure to the whole world of an intransigent and rejectionist Israel, as opposed to intransigent and rejectionist Arabs in the past, is the truth that should have come out into the open long ago.

But besides that, thanks to the persistent and tireless efforts by Arab diplomacy, spearheaded by Jordan, that we today have a changed picture of the political outlook in the Middle East. This is also an opportunity for the Arabs to see and seize, in order to step up the pressure for the restoration of their full rights.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Hopes for a summit

THE need for an Arab summit meeting has become a necessity in view of the fast moving developments world-wide and in the Middle East and also in the light of Israel's intransigence. The summit is needed to re-fuse solidarity among Arab countries which together can work towards the establishment of a lasting peace in the region. The process of peace is still being hampered largely due to Israel's intransigence, and Washington's indifference which is tantamount to collusion with the Israeli aggressors. This is cause for unified Arab stand which can come only through a summit meeting attended by Arab leaders who should shoulder their responsibility towards their nation. One cannot deny the need for due preparations for such a summit if the Arab leaders are to arrive at constructive plans, but one should also realise that Israel, the common enemy, is now benefitting from the time element and continues to take steps for prolonging the occupation of Arab land. The time is opportune for holding the Arab summit in view of the fact that differences among Arab states have now diminished as was clearly pointed out recently by Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi. For its part, Jordan under King Hussein's leadership has been striving for such summit, and its moves have been favourable for Arab states. Let us hope that these moves will pave the way for a successful summit, capable of unifying Arab

Al Dustour: High time for a summit

THE Arab League Secretary General Chad Klibi has displayed optimism over the prospect of holding an early Arab sammit meeting. This optimism is justified in view of the favourable political conditions in the Arab World and the diminishing differences that had been plauging inter-Arab relations. We believe that the diminishing prospects for holding an international conference on the Middle East due to Israel's intransigence should prompt the Arabs to take speedy measures for holding a summit meeting at which Arab leaders could together work out means of confronting the common enemy and the common challenges. Arab leaders should meet to define their priorities in the coming stage and should find means of attaining their objective to bring about a liberation of Arab land. We do not believe that such summit will be a remedy to all Arab ills, nor is it reasonable to think that the Arab leaders will be able to find solutions for all problems, but a meeting at the highest level can at least take decisions for joint plans and joint action which constitute a key to solutions. We share Mr. Klibi's optimism, and we are full of hope that his efforts to convene a summit will be crowned with

Sawt Al Shaab: Resistance will continue

AS the Israelis escalate their brutal and inhuman actions inside the occupied Arab territory, the Arab resistance continues to increase in intensity. The Zionists are going ahead with a two-pronged plan: To continue seizing Arab land and building colonies and refusing any talk about a lasting peace through an international conference. This strategy is clearly intended to cause total despair and hopelessness in the hearts of the Arab population under Israeli rule with the aim of forcing them to abandon their homeland. The Israelis have been rejecting ideas about comprehensive peace that can ensure the return of Arab land to its lawful owners and recognise the rights of the Palestinian people in their homeland. This stand, coupled with continued repression and terrorism conducted by Zionists against the Arab population, are clearly intended as a tool to destroy any chance of just peace. But the Arab people under Israeli rule who believe only in the struggle for freedom have been stepping up their resistance activity, and will continue to do so until they regain their rights and their usurped homeland.

Good ideas from old plans

By Dr. Waleed Sa'di

WITH nothing concrete to look forward to yet in terms of a settlement of the Palestinian conflict, it has become fashionable now to look backward and search to see if history books contain any thing that could be built on for the future. That's exactly what I found myself doing when, in Canada, I entered a library to look again at the U.N. General Assembly resolution of Nov. 29, 1947, which had partitioned Palestine. It is the very resolution for which we shed tears now and often become nostalgic to its era, when the cards were not stacked up so badly against the Arab side. I, like many others, began to romanticise about that all but forgotten resolution and often found myself wondering if a postmortem on the partition plan could still be had with a view to search for ideas, albeit old ideas, to resolve the Palestinian case which had eluded all efforts thus far to solve it for all times.

Maybe it is the old age of the resolutions which made me oblivious of the true contents of that resolution of the U.N. General Assembly which divided up Palestine between Arabs and Jews after determining that they cannot share it and live under one roof for all times. I was therefore flabbergasted to discover upon a fresh pursuit of its language the full dimension of that resolution and how elaborate and lengthy its provisions were and how painstakingly it attempted to reconcile the irreconcilables. Hitherto, all that I could remember of the resolutions was that it had partitioned Palestine, little did I remember that the resolution was a piece of art and an effective articulation of well-elaborated guidelines and principles which were unduly brushed aside by both Arabs and Jews. Curiously enough, there was nothing in the resolution which

made its relevancy and validity dependent on Arab acceptance or rejection. And since Israeli legitimacy from a legal point of view rests firmly on that resolution, it could be most pertinent to recall again some of the salient features of that resolution which the Jews of Palestine stood guilty of trespassing it by deeds as the Arabs stood guilty of breaching it by words. That resolution, however, remains valid and lawful since it had not been repeated, repudiated or superceded by any U.N. resolution. On strictly legal grounds, there is nothing in the records which could suggest that the fate of the resolution was altered lawfully and legally

Although the partition resolution, as it came to be commonly called, merely recommended, to the then mandatory power Great Britain and the other U.N. members, the adoption and implementation of the plan of partition, it did not rest there. Otherwise one could always submit that the recommendations of the General Assembly of the U.N. are mere recommendations and therefore not legally binding. However, the interesting part about the partition plan was that it requested the Security Council of the U.N. to take the necessary measures for the implementation of the partition plan. Curiously enough, I do not know of any other U.N. General Assembly resolution which made explicit demands on the Security Council, which according to the U.N. Charter and established practice enjoys distinct powers and authority viewed generally as superior to those of the General Assembly in the sense that they are mandatory and legally binding. As the most powerful organ of the U.N., the Security Council is not answerable as until the General Assembly and does not take orders from it. But there the General Assembly and does not take orders from it. But there

we are, in the partition plan the General Assembly went as far as to request the Security Council to act with a view to implement the partition plan. Furthermore, the Security Council was requested, repeat requested, to regard any attempt to alter the partition plan by force as an act of aggression and as a threat to peace in breach of article 39 of the U.N. Charter. Then suddenly the General Assembly softened its tone when it merely appealed to all governments and people to refrain from taking any action which might hamper or delay the implementation of the partition plan.

And although the partition plan envisaged two independent states, one Jewish and the other Arab, nevertheless, it called for an economic union between the two. The economic union was elaborated rather extensively and made to look like something resembling the association between the member countries of the European Common Market. For Jerusalem the resolution recommended an international regime, but interestingly enough, not of a permanent nature. The partition plan in the resolution called for a review of the international status of Jerusalem after the elapse of

Can this partition plan be resuscitated into life again after so many years and be made a basis for a permanent and durable resolution of the Palestinian conflict is a question more on the minds of academicians than policy makers. But one thing however remains valid and relevant for all times and for all minds: The legal dimensions of that resolution must at one time or another be addressed and reckoned with since the resolution constitutes still the legal foundation on which Israel's call for legitimacy rests.

What American newspapers say about int'l peace conference

Following are excerpts from editorials appearing in three major American newspapers commenting on the proposed international conference on the Middle East:

The Washington Post: Toward a Mideast conference A Mideast peace mirage?

AN international conference on peace in the Middle East? Suddenly one looks possible...

The idea could yet be stillborn in Israel, whose two ruling parties are in conflict on it. Likud has a fundamental resistance to entering any process that would get in the way of annexing the West Bank, as any serious initiative must. But Labour, which is open to territorial compromise, has gone far to meet worthier objections and in particular to ensure that a conference would quickly launch direct face-to-face negotiations and that it would not be empowered to impose a settlement...

It is the 20th anniversary of the 1967 war. What drives the search for Israeli-Palestinian peace is not so much a single urgency as a pervasive now-or-never sense that it's pointless and dangerous to let the status quo endure. This conference idea grew in the vacuum created by the Reagan administration's default on its own Mideast plan of 1982. Still, the administration, eager for political as well as policy reasons to recoup, has provided quiet help. A conference is worth pursuing, cautiously.

Boston Globe:

... SKEPTICS, both in Israel and the Arab World, suspect that Peres is using the mirage of a peace conference to play politics. Peres wants to make peace with Jordan and to return some conquered land to Jordanian sovereignty, thus excluding the PLO from the peace process. Jordan, however, cannot defy Arab League resolutions defining the PLO as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people.

The capital most eager for an international conference seems to be Moscow. Filling a void in Mideast diplomacy created by the Reagan administration's lassitude, the Soviets have played a role in unifying the PLO. They have encouraged their Syrian client Hafez Assad toward reconciliation with both Yasser Arafat and Iraq; and they have even courted the conservative Gulf monarchies.

The most realistic hope for a peace settlement may lie in an international conference at which both Soviets and Americans tactfully impose an accord in the interests of all parties.

Los Angeles Times: Trading land for peace

SENIOR members of Israel's coalition government are now bitterly debating the ostensible issue of whether the country should take part in an international peace conference. The real question that divides cabinet and country, though, has little to do with the mechanics of the peacemaking process. The real question is whether, under an acceptable formula, Israel is prepared to give up control over significant parts of the territory it occupied during the war of 1967 in exchange for the chance of an historic transformation in relations with its Arab neighbours.

The Labour alignment, one major coalition partner, is ready to trade territory for peace, particularly on the West Bank provided that change does not produce an independent Palestinian state. The Likud bloc, the other major partner, says no to such a swap. These opposed views embody the fundamental hope and fear of Israelis. The hope is that the 40-year-long state of war can be ended on the basis of territorial compromise. The fear is that if Israel yields some of its strategic depth and control it would be inviting future Arab

...Israel would do well to pursue this issue to a conclusion. At some point, perhaps a distant point, a chance for peace based on territorial compromise may emerge. Israel's political hand would be immeasurably strengthened if the principle of trading land for peace had already been shown to have clear popular support.

Probe exposes covert Reagan agenda, legality still murky

By Sue Baker

WASHINGTON — The first two weeks of congressional hearings exposed as never before the farflung web of President Reagan's secret foreign policy agenda but

left its legality as murky as ever. The first four witnesses provided the closest look so far af the network of covert operations directed by White House officials to keep funds flowing to Nicaragua's contra rebels during a conressional ban and swap arms for U.S. hostages in Lebanon while talking tough against dealing with

"There seems to be, etched in all that I know about these transactions, an attitude reflected that the White House only knew best, and that the Congress and the American people really could not be trusted with the shaping of foreign policy," said Senator Paul

Trible, a Virginia Republican. "We've got to find a way to reconcile the obvious need to have a strong and decisive president ... with a need to operate within the constraints of the law and the constitution of the land,"

Under questioning, Richard

Secord, Robert McFarlane, Gasinto the Iran-contra scandal have ton Sigur and Robert Owen told a tale, at times compelling, at times absurd, of secret missions in unmarked planes, of meetings in European capitals, of a keyshaped cake and a bible signed by Reagan, of disreputable Iranian. arms merchant who failed every lie-detector test the CIA could throw at him and a lonely U.S. agent who issued a plaintive plea from the jungles of Central America to Oliver North in Washington: "Send Fawn. Can't live on milk and cookies."

Fawn Hall, a tall, glamourous blonde, was North's secretary until the gung-ho marine lieutenant colonel was fired last November from Reagan's National Security Council staff for allegedly masterminding the diversion of millions of dollars from the covert sale of U.S. arms to Iran to buy arms for the contras.

Her testimony before the joint House of Representatives-Senate Iran-contra committees is being eagerly awaited by the American popular press, tantalised by re-Trible, a member of the senate ports she helped North shred

Iran committee told the hearings documents and smuggled other papers out of the White House in her bra and panties.

> But Secord, a retired air force, major general who was closely involved with North in both the Iran and contra initiatives, former National Security Adviser McFarlane, State Department official Sigur who helped North solicit funds from Asian nations, and Owen. North's private link to the contras, also described a series of activities that many legislators believe circumvented, if not broke, U.S. laws.

- The solicitation of funds for the contras by U.S. officials, with the largest single contribution of \$32 million coming from Saudi Arabia, at times during a congressional ban.

The direction from the White House of a private network designed to keep the contras supplied with money and arms during the Boland Amendment which barred such support, directly or indirectly, from October 1983 to December 1985. Private citizens are also barred under the Neutrality Act from involvement in foreign conflicts.



Ronald Reagan

gress, as required by law, of the covert sales of U.S. arms to Iran, and an abortive clandestine operation planned by the drug enforcement administration to ransom the hostages for one million dollars each.

— The diversion of 3.5 million of the 30 million dollar proceeds from the Iran arms sales to the contras.

- The verbal approval by Reagan of two initial shipments of U.S. arms to Iran by Israel in late 1985 before a presidential "finding" authorised direct U.S. - The failure to notify Con- arms transfers in January 1986.

Act, which barred exports to na- wait-and-see attitude. is, such as Itan, designated dy the State Department as supporting terrorism.

- The failure to notify Congress violates provisions of the 1947 National Security Act which requires "timely notification" of all covert actions to the congressional intelligence committees.

- The Iran arms sales also likely violated a provision of the Arms Export Control Act which requires congressional notification of arms sales in excess of \$14

"Laws were ignored, violated, stretched," Rep. Dante Fascell told an early session of the hear-. ings. "The president either acquiesced or was kept in the

Fascell, a Florida Democrat, is chairman of the house foreign affairs committee and one of the 15 members of the house Iran

But that opinion was not shared by many of the other 25

That finding, never disclosed as it special committees; modelled at-should have been to Congress for those created to probe the was required to waive provisions
of the Export Administration

Watergate scandal that brought
down Richard Nixon, who took a

ine joini nearings are sch duled to run for three months. Some lawmakers have argued over the past two weeks that many of the laws, especially the Boland Amendment, are ambiguous and Reagan cannot therefore be blamed for exploiting the

Several Republican members moreover blamed Congress for its on-off support for the contras which they said had forced the administration to resort to "extra legal" means.

loopholes.

Senate committee vice-chairman Warren Rudman, a New Hampshire Republican, took another tack.

"I can find no lawyer of any constitutional law background who would claim that the president of the United States could be precluded by any amendment of the Congress from dealing with foreign countries in any way he wishes," Rudman said.

But, he added, even if the solicitations were legal, "it was a terrible policy" and that should members of the house and senate be the issue.

The Iran hearings: A tale of spies, politics and unanswered questions

By Ruth Sinai The Associated Press

gues exposed in the past two weeks at the congressional hear-Secret operatives used wigs and machines. A tiny sultanate donated \$10 million to clandestine operations, only to see it go astray because a bank account

But to most Americans the Iran-contra affair has been mainly a political story, similar to last decade's Watergate scandal but cut from a far different cloth. Officials in both cases acted in the name of the president, even as they stretched or broke the

number was wrong.

However, the "plumbers" who broke into Democratic Party headquarters at the Watergate building and the phone-tappers who planted bugs there in 1972 were seeking to assure President Richard Nixon's re-election. rather than to engage in foreign

Watergate had overtones of the

love of power. But the Iran-contra affair has its basis in the constitutional battle between WASHINGTON - The intri- Congress and the president to control foreign policy.

The two main Iran-contra witings into the Iran-contra affair nesses so far were former military could inspire political thrillers officers who conducted covert and spy novels for years to come. policy in the name of President Reagan's national policy goals. aliases. Unauthorised agents And the Iran-contra affair in-helped themselves to CIA coding volves not a domestic election campaign, but the life-and-death issues of American hostages in Lebanon and the guerrilla war in Nicaragua.

The nationally televised and broadcast hearings are the talk of Washington, a city heavily populated with government officials. journalists, diplomats and

Even taxi drivers, many of whom are immigrants from African, Asian or Latin American states, cruise along the capital's streets listening to the proceedings on their radios.

'A hearing like this could never have happened in my country," said Nsekela Dikuyi, formerly of Zaire. "This is a true taste of democracy for me. Amerpeople from repressive regimes, this is fascinating."

But more than being fascinated, those who were allowed into the hearings in groups of 30 to 40 people for one hour at a time often appeared puzzled by the diffuse and varying lines of questioning. "What does that-mean?" or "Who's he talking about?" were often-heard whisperings.
Indeed, the lengthy question-

ing by two trial lawyers and 26 members of Congress, has so far failed to answer the basic question of how much President Ronald Reagan knew about the covert activities undertaken by his staff, especially by fired White House aid Lt.-Col. Oliver North.

Two major players in the scandal did provide missing pieces of gigantic jigsaw puzzle which spanned three continents, involved tens of million of dollars and embroiled Reagan in a

Under the strong glare of television spotlights, retired air force Maj. Gen. Richard Secord and former National Security Adviser Robert McFarlane explained aspects of the affair in detail, as some dozen photographers icans take it for granted, but for crouched at their feet clicking away in front of the witness table. Their testimony has covered

the shipment of arms to Iran to win freedom for American hostages in Lebanon, the funnelling of some of the proceeds to the anti-government rebels in Nicaragua and the soliciting of millions of dollars from foreign governments for the contras.

The questioners also sought to go beyond the riveting disclosures to answer questions of fundamental importance to the principles of government in the United States:

- Was Reagan a silent accomplice in violating the 1984 law which banned the transfer of money to the contra rebels? - To what degree should the president consult with Congress

about foreign policy?

— What are the limits to White House covert activities and to what extent does the president have to report about them to Congress?

Does Reagan have sufficient control over his subordin-

The senators and representatives, who usually take five-minute turns to question witnesses, acknowledge the difficulty of getting at the truth in the over-whelming amount of evidence.

LETTERS

Where are the figures?

To the Editor:

I READ with some reservation the Ministry of Social Development's letter to the editor entitled "Poor pockets," (Jordan Times, May 16, 1987), and the ministry's "clarification" of the Jordan Times report (May 12) on Jordan's first soup kitchen. I expected the ministry which contends that it supported social services and work "on a scientific basis," to quote us some scientific facts and figures about the poverty level in the country. At least, in order to substantiate its denial of the Jordan Times quote of Mr. Ahmad Qa'dan's assertion of a 50 per cent needy in the Kingdom's population. There were no such statistics and I did not see any clarification, which the ministry said it wanted to make. Who are we readers supposed to believe: Mr. Qa'dan who was not quoting any authoritative statistics or the ministry which did not provide any better? I tend to believe neither. If the ministry had the correct figures it should release them to the public. If not, which would be worse, then they should not blame the Jordan Times or Mr. Qa'dan for not having the correct figures. It is the duty of the government to make such statistics available for journalists as well as social workers.

Without quoting statistics that set the record straight, once and for all, I find the ministry's denials void of any meaning if not self-incriminating. Furthermore, the ministry admits that it "does not look to momentary and emotionally-based cures" in its otherwise commendable effort to solve our social problems: By its own admission, the ministry, I believe, should not have any quarrels with those who do care about "momentary and emo-tionally-based cures." Somebody should

Finally, as somebody who was born and been living in this: country all my life, I would certainly not describe poverty in Jordan as existing only in "pockets" as the ministry likes to do. I am merely defending the language.

Ahmad Yussef Jabai Al Qusour

Mobile care JORDAN, regretfully, is one of the countries on top of the list for the high nember of road accidents world-wide. In 1986 alone, road

accidents ca. Led 362 lives and 75,939 injured. Still, because of the

awareness campaigns launched by the government and concerned societies, 1986 was a better year than 1985 in terms of casualties.

But, together with tough traffic measures and intelligent campaigns this situation could still be improved. Many people died

because accidents appen away from hospitals and immediate medical care was now about in many parts of the country. As

most of the deadly accidents harm non desert roads, miles away from any health facility, why doesn't the Ministry of Health acquire mobile rescue units, with full operating room and

In case of accidents, police could by radio alert those units who

in turn could quickly reach the instrated location. Medical care

can thus immediately be given to wounded people, and if

The idea of the mobile rescue unit was applied with success in

many countries. In Jordan, where medical facilities are not

away for a badly wounded person, it is a must to acquire such

Ancient skills show

spread, and where sometimes the closest hospital is too far

emergency requires it, even a major operation.

Randa Habib's

William the Conqueror begins to win over the Normans

France and Britain have always had an uneasy relationship. William the Conqueror had a lot to do with it in 1066. David Housego describes how this ancient king seems to be respected more in conquered England than in his home of Normandy.

PARIS — The inscription carved above the memorial arch at the British cemetery in Bayeux, close to France's Normandy coast, sets out the complex intertwining of the two countries' past. It says in Latin: "We who were conquered by William have freed his country by our victory."

Almost 900 years of rivalry,

misunderstandings and bursts of reconciliation separated William the Conqueror's subduing of England in 1066 from the Allied landings in Normandy which liberated France from German

This year, Normandy is commemorating this joint history through the anniversary of William's death in 1087 in ceremonies in which Britain will participate. In towns such as Caen, Falaise and Bayeux, posters are up showing the red and vellow sail of a Norman ship driven by the wind - chosen as the emblem for the occasion.

Throughout the summer, a series of pageants, cavalcades, son et lumieres, hunting spectacles, exhibitions, concerts, conferences and plays are intended both as tourist attractions and essays in history in a country which is fascinated by its past.

The Prince and Princess of

Wales are due to visit Caen and Bayeux on September 9 for the official ceremony on the day of the conqueror's death. This will be preceded by a Mass for William in Bayeux cathedral in the presence of the Archbishop of Canterbury. The royal visit is intended both to underline the Norman ancestry of the British monarchy and provide a boost to Anglo-French relations.

In a year in which preparations for the Channel tunnel are getting under way, when France and Britain bave narrowed their differences over European Community reform, when their two capitals have been busily consulting on a response to Mr. Mikhail Gorbachev's arms initiative, and ties between them seem stronger than for many years, the event could hardly be more timely. Mr. Michel: de Bouard, the

leading French historian of William, and a resident of Caen, describes him as a "great man who dominated his time and gave an impulse to history." He sees William's legacy as being the con-solidation of Norman power and the founding of the feudal system which gave England a long period

of stability.
But, paradoxically, his reputation stands less high in France than it does in England. In Caen, which he transformed from a large village into a town by building his castle there and two imposing abbeys, there is still no statue to him, and only a small street bears his name. He is still known locally as much by his earlier title of the "bastard," because he was born out of wedlock like many Viking lords, and Mr. de Bouard says that his popular reputation remains that of a harsh ruler who ill-treated or killed his wife Mathilda.

One local legend has it that he had Mathilda dragged through the town by her hair. As a result of the population's indifference to her fate she cried out "cold street" — hence the reason why one of Caen's streets is called La Rue Froide. According to another legend, she refused to consummate the marriage to William — a sufficiently close relative that the Pope's permission was needed — and that William forced himself on her and tore her dress with his sword. Recent historical research suggests in fact that they were a close couple.

France equally has never had much regard for William, regarding him a frontier warlord. In French history, the most important date in Normandy's past is its full integration into the kingdom which occurred almost two cen-

In contrast, Mr. de Bouard believes that England has much more valued William at his proper worth. He describes the conquest in his book as a decisive break in British history from an Anglo-Saxon kingdom which until then "had looked mainly towards the North Sea, and Scandinavia" to a country whose main

impressions of William and Matilda (right); and Caen B. 10.60% · E. Mine P. castle (below).

focus became "Continental and western Europe."

The commemoration by Britain last year of the 900th anniversary of the drawing up of the Domesday book is thus a testimony to the importance of William's legacy on the evolution of British institutions.

Nonetheless, William's epithet "the conqueror" has always left a sour taste in British mouths as the one occasion this millenium when an invasion of the

British Isles mainland was suc-

Britons at the time of the invasion, as Mr. de Bouard readily admits, would have seen it as a catastrophe in which much of the Anglo-Saxon aristoracy was killed, the Church decapitated and England ruthlessly plundered.

Normandy's absorption with its own past is in part a way of emphasising its regional identity. Significantly, until now it has celebrated only the key dates in channel than the French.

the foundation of Norman power and never, as is the case with other French provinces, Normandy's integration into France.

However, the anniversary of the birth of William in 1027 seems to have passed relatively unnoticed in Caen. A memorial placed in the cathedral in 1927 by the city of Hastings and several largely Anglo-Norman families suggests that it was more honoured on the British side of the

Notwithstanding the emphasis on Norman regional identity,

Normandy is not a province with history of revolt against the French state such as La Vendee or the south-west. Part of the explanation lies in its geographical disparity and part in its closeness to Paris. But, surprisingly, it has combined its loyalty to France with close ties to England - as this year's celebrations are likely to show - Financial Times feature.

way to future for SURVIVALISTS
By Anton Ferreira in

emergency services?

ASBURY, New Jersey — On the New Jersey frontline in his personal crusade to save the earth, a man with a vision is teaching Americans to carve arrowheads from broken beer bottles.

Tom Brown, who dubs himself "the tracker," runs a survival school about 90 miles (150 kilometres) west of New York City where he passes on wisdom learned during his youth from an old Apache Indian called Stalking Wolf.

"My vision is to teach people how to live with the earth," he told a recent class of 30 students, ranging from a ballroom dancing instructor to a former accountant turned organic farmer.

Most of the students were nature lovers seeking to learn more about the outdoors, from how to identify poison to how to track a

But Brown had a more serious message — destruction of the environment by pollution and urban sprawl was threatening the

future of the earth. "Earth is a living being, a manifestation of the Creator," he said, warning students that man-kind was killing by poisoning underground water reserves, "the

earth mother's blood supply." By the end of the century the major U.S. grain producing area would be without water, he said. We're bringing Africa to the Un-

ited States." He tries to prevent this by teaching people to live in harmony with nature like the native Americans, Australian Abor-

igines and African Bushmen did. They should put the trappings of the modern world behind them, Brown teaches in lectures

laced with philosophy learned from Stalking Wolf.
"A survival situation is the only

way you can ever hope to achieve total openess with the earth mother," he said.

His idea of a survival situation is walking naked into the wilderness, summer or winter, and living off the land indefinitely and in comfort.

"If it's a debilitating experience, then your skills aren't good

enough," he told the class. using stone tools, building warm

The skills he teaches include shelter from forest debris, making water from plants or condensation and tanning hides. Students learn how to chip

arrowheads from broken beer

bottles, which one of Brown's

half-dozen instructors said were

likely to be found in even the remotest American wilderness. Primitive skills don't come cheap - the residential course costs \$500 - but many participants thought the money so well

spent they said they would return for an advanced course. During his 10 years with Stalking Wolf, Brown mastered such

feats as stalking to within touching distance of wild animals and he promised his students that they could do the same. He teaches stalking techniques, but adds that such physical

skills are only 20 per cent of the art. The rest is spiritual and involves raising the consciousness and improving awareness. He said one way to help see

the spirit that moves in all things" was the sweat 10.30 sacred religious ceremony of Native American tribes which physically resembles a sauna.

Red-hot rocks were stacked in the centre of a low dome built from saplings and straw, and the students crouched bathed in sweat as Brown splashed on water to create steam. Alternating English and the

haunting language of Stalking Wolf, he prayed to the earth mother and urged the congre-Then there'll be no food ... gants to take up the warrior's staff in her defence.

In teaching trapping and hunting, he emphasises the Native American belief that all things, plant, mineral and animal. share the same spirit and are brothers. "An animal's life is the ulti-

mate gift, you should take it only if your survival depends on it. To the novice tracker, Brown's skills appear near miraculous. In

one demonstration he crouched on a hard-packed driveway and pointed out a barely visible com-

"Left rear print of an eastern cottontail rabbit," he said. Passed by here two nights ago, six weeks old." The students, who by the end

of the course regarded Brown as a kind of nature guru, accepted such judgments as Gospel. Brown, who is contemptuous

of those who put safety and comfort above adventure and excitement, said he once wanted to retreat into the woods.

CHINESE

Parties highlight-screenings and deals at Cannes

By Richard Lormand Reuter

International Film Festival — but for some people the real prizes are the diliner invitations.

The exclusive dinners that follow each official secreening promise a chance to socialise with likes of Elizabeth Taylor, Paul Newman, Prince Charles or Princess Diana.

But even for those excluded from the most glittering occasions, there are many consolations. No-one, it seems, leaves the annual festival without par-

taking-in some form of celebra-Parties until dawn, breakfasts, brunches, luncheons, afternoon teas and receptions are available to all during the 13-day festival, ending next Tuesday when the winner of the 1987 Golden Palm

is amounced. Business deals clinched at the inge international industry market are incomplete without a bottle of champagne. Few of the 15,000 or more film screenings are unaccompanied by prom-

otional festivity. The carnival atmosphere here has been enhanced this year by the celebration of the 40th anniversary and by diminished

American stars away last year. Taylor and Catherine Deneuve dans les Yeux," a French-made montage of clips from selected films shown over Cannes' 40

vears. The festival's hottest ticket is a dinner after the world premiere of British director Lindsay Anderson's "The Whales of August," which stars Bette Davis, Lillian Gish, Vincent Price and

Anne Southern. The prince and princess of Wales will be present and will also be feted at various receptions during the day.

Other international celebrities attending glamorous social functions include Marcello Mastroianni, Faye Dunaway, Isabella Roseellini. Diane Keaton, Yves Montand, Mel Gibson and Phil Collins.

Slightly more accessible to the non-famous are the myriad publicity-oriented parties and recep-

Studio Circus, a Cannes discotheque, is the scene of many film féstival all-night affairs. One night at the famed Cannes

nightspot, the ghoulish Elvira, who hosts late night horror films on U.S. television, celebrated the coming production of her first

Although most of the people came to the party to wish the CANNES - World-class movies were guests at Wednesday night's vampire-like "mistress of the are competing, for the Golden star-studded anniversary gala afprice of a drink at Cannes night clubs is usually about 75 francs (\$13 dollars).

In keeping with the mostly formal nightlife dress code during the film festival, Cannes has dozens of top European fashion boutiques and hair salons.

For less expensive fun and frolic, the sunny weather, with temperature around 70 degrees fahrenheit (21 centigrade), has virtually transformed this Mediterranean resort into a giant street party of some 25,000 visitors and festival participants.

Sun-worshippers flock to the beaches, despite the cool sea breezes. Each day, thousands take to La Croisette, the main thoroughfare along the shore, for music, food and drink.

Tourists, photographers, sidewalk artists, street punks, and skimpily-dressed sunbathers mix with formally-attired participants heading to the nearby Palais beachfront auditorium where the

festival is held. Fans crowd around the barricades of the Palais each night, hoping for a glimpse of a celebrity.

Hope at hand for unhappy husbands in Turkey

By Seva Ulman

ANKARA — Hope is at hand for unhappy Turkish husbands unable to divorce their wives because the law discriminates against men. The law is to be changed.

Under present legislation a woman who withholds consent when her husband wants to end their marriage can spin the court case out so long that divorce never comes.

"This is in order to protect women who are in many cases financially bound to their husbands," Ankara lawyer Sahin Mengu told Reuters. The situation, a paradox in

as part of wide-ranging reforms of the creaking Turkish civil code. The reforms provide for automatic divorce on the grounds of desertion by either party for a given period of time, a senior justice ministry official said. The

male-dominated Turkey, will end

draft is expected to be presented to parliament shortly. The popular daily Gunaydin recently reported on a typical case of a man unable to get a

It said Ibrahim Sonmez of the

INDIAN

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Aegean coastal city of Izmir had been frying to part from his wife Gulsen for 13 years. In that time his 26 divorce petitions were all turned down by the courts because she withheld consent.

Divorce in Turkey is easy if both parties agree. The woman usually files the suit to make the

If the woman wants a divorce but the man refuses, then the divorce usually does come through anyway, after about a The court can fix alimony but

this is no safeguard for the woman if her former husband becomes unemployed and loses his income or is self-employed and his real income cannot be easily determined. In 1985, the last year for which

figures are available, 18,571 couples were divorced. There are no figures, however, for the number of failed petitions

for divorce Many women, particularly in rural areas where more than half the population lives, depend on their husbands economically and

would be left without support if divorced, Mengu said. He said a woman can drag a divorce case out for years simply by calling more witnesses. Under the law she can call as many as she wishes.

Seemingly interminable legal delays, whether in divorce or other civil or criminal cases, are a common complaint in Turkey.

Lawyers say cases are often djourned for weeks for petty reasons, such as when a judge orders that a copy of a defendant's birth certificate be brought from his or her home town.

Additionally, a judge in Turkey does not see a case file until it starts so he must deal with much detail as it proceeds. Criminal trials move at a snail's

pace with about one-day hearing every three weeks and automatic appeals after the verdict is delivered. Also, a Turkish defence lawyer is not involved in pre-trial inves-

tigation and must ask the judge to collect evidence for him. "In effect hearings are adjourned for evidence to be brought to court," said Ankara

Bar Association chairman Mahir Can Ilicak. He said the association wants this to be changed by an amendment to the code of criminal

procedure.

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Bones of saint hold surprises for restorers

By Alan Baldwin Repter

ASSIST, Italy — The remains of St. Clare of Assisi, one of Italy's most revered religious figures, have just been restored by experts -- revealing some surprises including the fact that much of the body is a fake.

For more than a hundred

years, the blackened and apparently mummified relics of the 13th century saint have lain on display in a church crypt in this peaceful Umbrian hill town. Last September a small team of experts, led by an elderly monsig-

nor from Rome, were called in by cans of the order founded by St. Clare after it was discovered that the remains ran a serious risk of total disintegration. Their findings, due to be pubished this month, reveal some surprising facts about the saint's

relics as well as confirming ex-

sting suppositions about St. We found that out of the 208 bones making up the skeleton only 37 were original," Monsignor Gianfranco Nolli told Reuters: The real bones of St. Clare had been supplemented with fake

ones made of beeswax and

resin."
"The face, which seemed to be a mask, was not a mask at all but cotton modelled around the skull," Nolli said. "Seen from a distance it may have looked like a mummy but it wasn't so." The remains of the saint were

discovered in the 19th century

during building work in the church that bears her name in Assisi. "As many bones were missing. the original restorers rebuilt the skeleton with new ones made of wax. Then they covered the skull with cotton and padded out the

arms, legs and body, using silver

thread to stitch it all together, Nolli said. "Obviously they thought they were doing the right thing but in fact they acted wrongly as the cotton helped the process of decay by retaining all the humidity and warmth in the erypt. It provided a perfect habitat for microorganisms," he said.

The modern restorers say they

have now rectified the earlier

errors, removing the fake ele-

ments, but they are worried gulli-

ble people may misinterpret their

"Only a few weeks ago we ourselves heard a guide say that the body had been restored and that the lungs, stomach and intestines had been put back inside the body. How can people say these things?" Nolli asked. After six months' work, involv-

bones to harden, the relics were laid out on a linen sheet and put inside a resin sarcophogus moulded to the form of the saint. Nolli said the restoration work, involving a projection of the saint's face based on the features of her skull, had confirmed what was already known about St. Clare from books and a 14th-

ing a series of chemical baths to

enable the mineral deposits in the

century painting in the church of Santa Clara. 'She was very beautiful, about 60 years old, sweet yet very strong as was her temperament. Her face was very asymmetrical, as is normal in many people, yet full of warmth," he said.

"We also know she was about 1.57 metres tall but we were unable to determine whether she died of any specific illness as three-quarters of the bones were



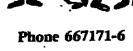


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Prost regains top slot with Bagian Grand Frix triumph

Lotus on the first lap.

wheels and spun off.

later clashed in the pit lane.

Andrea De Cesaris of Italy, in

a Brabham, finished third and

American Eddie Cheever came

fourth in an Arrows. Japanese

Satoru Nakajima was fifth in a

on his first point won at the San

Marino Grand Prix two weeks

FRANCORCHAMPS, Fall (R) — Alain Prost of France won the Belgiar and Prix on Sunday and equalled Briton Jackie Siewart's 27 record Grand Prix wins after an exciting and incident-packed race.

The race required a re-start damaged when he collided with after a two-car crash on the second lap. Both Tyrrell drivers Jonathan Palmer of Britain and Philippe Streiff of France escaped

Prost, in a McLaren, raced to victory in one hour 27 minutes and 3.217 seconds — more than 24 seconds ahead of his McLaren teammate Stefan Johansson of Sweden.

Victory lifted reigning world champion Prost back to the top of the standings in the battle for the drivers' title. The win came in his 108th Grand Prix.

Mansell. in a Williams, retired before half distance. His car was

Defeated Thai boxing champ turns to God

BANGKOK (R) - Former Thai super bantamweight boxing champion Samart Payakarun is to become a Buddhist monk to calm his mind after an embarrassing defeat, local newspapers said Sunday.

They said Samart, who lost his World Boxing Council (WBC) title to Jeff Fenech on May 8, world is ordained later Sunday in the portetown 80 kilometres. eest of Bangkok.

Similing whose defeat stunned tupe inters hure, tic in them his fronhier and and stay out of the

public eye for a while. He did not know how long he would remain a monk, the newspapers quoted him as saying. The 25-year-old former champion was knocked out in the fourth round of a WBC world title fight in Sydney.

Irate Thai supporters have since accused him of taking bribes to throw the fight or of spending too much time with girl friends before the bout.

The distressed boxer has: rejected the charges and said he lost the fight because he shed too much weight too quickly before the match.

"I will give up my playboy lifestyle and concentrate on training. I have made a mistake and I will never repeat the same mistake again," he was quoted as

transmission lines.

documents.



ago, and Frenchman Rene Amoux came sixth in a Ligier, Lotus, so improving by one placethe team's first point of the

Platini cites disinterest as reason for retirement

ROME (R) — Michel Platini, France's World Cup captain and three times European Footballer of the Year, Sunday announced he was retiring because, he said, he no longer enjoyed the game.

Platini, 31, who was playing his last match on Sunday for Juventus, the Italian club he joined five years ago, said he would dedicate himself to helping young drug addicts, television and his business interests. "it's really over... only three

little words, but for me they mean the end of an era. Today I have decided to leave football but I can't hide my sadness," Platini said in a statement. "The competition, the team,...

the public, the game, the emotion before going onto the field... I will miss it all but I can't go on because I don't enjoy it any



Platini, hailed as one of the world's greatest footballers, has won virtually every soccer trophy except the World Cup in a professional career stretching back



Wilander **Open title**

The second-seeded Swede wore down Jaite, an Argentinian seeded no. 11, with deep backhands and high, long forehands that dropped in consistently near the baseline.

Jaite was never in the match and only in the last set, when Wilander appeared to lose some concentration, did he manage a run of 12 straight points to narrow the score to 5-4. Wilander then won the match on his ser-

"I played very good the whole week. It seems like I'm playing better than ever," Wilander told match in just over two hours.

world, is a master on clay and the slow, red courts at the Foro Itali-

clay court player in the world.

The 22-year-old Wilander rarely went to the net and Jaite spent a frustrating afternoon trying to find a formula to beat him. As the match went on, Jaite rushed his shots, committing one unforced error after another.

The Italian Open victory was worth \$64,000 to Wilander.

secures Italian

ROME (AP) — Mats Wilander. dominating play from the base-line, crushed Martin Jaite, 6-3, 6-4, 6-4, to win the Italian Open Men's Tennis Championship

the capacity crowd of 8,000 at the Foro Italico after winning the Wilander, ranked fourth in the

co were just to his liking.
John McEnroe, whom Wilander defeated in a semi-final Saturday, said the Swede was the best

Only Gone West hinders Alysheba from Triple Crown

ing twice outrun the st three-States, Alysheba will seek a third bid to become only the 12th horse to win the American Triple

But one horse, yet to run in a

year-old colts in the United classic victory in 20 days time in a

classic this year, seems certain to

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than 12:00 noon on Monday 8/6/87 attached with an unconditional bank guarantee or certified cheque for a value of 5% of the tender price.

BALTIMORE, MD (R) — Hav- play a major role in the three- Affirmed in 1978 — and earn the

Crown.

triumph by half a length from Bet Twice in Saturday's Preakness Stakes served to underline his

thoroughbreds in history. A courageous win in the Kentucky Derby two weeks ago --again with American Chris McCarron on board and also at

> the Jack Van Berg colt on the Triple Crown trail. Saturday's success, worth \$421,100 in prize money, made Alysheba the first horse since Pleasant Colony in 1981 to win the first two classics of the series. Now triumph in the Belmont will complete the Triple Crown

set — a feat last achieved by

pedigree as one of the greatest

the expens of Bet Twice - put

week build-up to the Belmont colts owners. Dorothy and Pame-Stakes on June 6 — Gone West. la Scharbauer of Texas, a \$5 magnificent million bonus.

> Gone West, a colt considered a leading derby contender until he was withdrawn late by trainer Woody Stephens. And one of the reasons he was pulled out was to save him for the Belmont.

Stephens, like Van Berg one of the biggest names in American horse racing, has saddled the winner of the Belmont Stakes for the past five years. He clearly believes Gone West will be his sixth successive winner.

The colt, which cost nearly \$2 world-famous Keeneland yearl-

But they cannot underestimate

million when purchased at the ing sales in 1985, finished second by a short head to Gulch in the Wood Memorial in New York.

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Graf wins German Open BERLIN (AP) - Steffi Graf of tournament title.

West Germany beat country-woman Claudia Kohde-Kilsch 6-6-3, Sunday to win the \$150,000 German Open Women's Tennis Tournament for

the second straight year.
The 17-year-old Graf, ranked number two in the world, is now unbeaten in her past 32 matches. She took home \$29,000 for Sunday's victory, while Kohde-Kilsch got \$13,000.

Graf dominated play with her powerful forehand, winning eight straight games from 2-2 in the first set to move within two games of what became her sixth straight Trophy.

But the Bruehl, West Germany teen-ager then suffered a minor lapse of concentration, allowing Kohde-Kilsch to pull back to 3-4 in the second set. Kohde-Kilsch's

challenge faded after that with a succession of unforced errors. Graf broke her opponent's serve in the next game with two perfectly timed passing shots and a drop shot before serving out for

the match in the ninth game. "I'm happy that I won but I didn't feel I played so well this week," said Graf after being presented with the German Open

Laciar dethrones Roman. wins superflyweight title

REIMS, France (AP) — Santos Laciar of Argentina dethroned World Boxing Council flyweight champ Gilberto Roman of Mexico when the referee stopped the bout in the 11th round Saturday because of cuts on Roman's face.

titlist from 1981-1985 before giv-

ing it up to move up to the

Laciar regained a world championship. He was the World Box-ing Association (WBA) flyweight

heavier weight class.
Roman was defending his title for the seventh time after winning it in March 1986. His record is now 43-4-1, while Laciar is 62-6-

Laciar and Roman fought to a draw last August. Roman was cut in the fourth round just below the left eye and it bothered him throughout the remainder of the fight.

Agony and ecstacy for Mabbutt in F.A. final

LONDON (R) — Tottenham defender Gary Mabbutt, who experienced the agony and ecstacy of scoring for both sides in Coventry's 3-2 extra-time triumph in the English F.A. Cup final, could be in for more heart-

He ended Saturday's absorbing final limping and is a doubtful starter for England's glamour friendly on Tuesday against Brazil on the Wembley stage which brought him such mixed emotions against first-time finalists

Coventry.
Said Mabbutt: "I've a problem with the circulation in my left foot and I'll have to see a specialist again. Certainly, Brazil looks doubtful for me at the moment."

Mabbutt, who has enjoyed an oustanding season at both club and international level, was quick to accept that the winner should be recorded as an own goal rather than be credited to Coventry's Lloyd McGrath, who has claimed

the goal.
"I did my best to stop McGrath's cross as I didn't know who was behind me," Mabbutt said. "But the ball hit my leg and

looped over Ray Clemence's head in goal."

Mabbutt was also honest enough to admit that he was not. sure whether he had scored the goal which gave his side a 2-1 halftime lead.

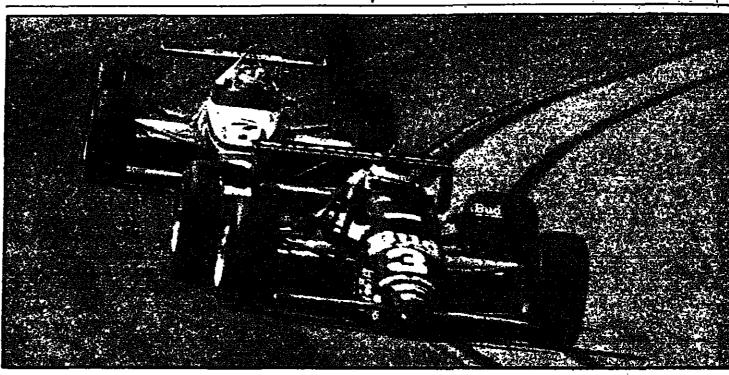
I'll stick with the scoreboard which gave it to me, although it all happened so quickly I don't know if it was me or Brian Kilcline who got the final touch." Mabbutt said.

Keith Houchen hauled Coventry level for a second time with a diving header after 63 minutes and he epitomised the spirit which ran right down the spine of

the never-say-die underdogs.

Tottenham manager David Pleat left little doubt that he was dissatisfied with the performances of some of his star players in the 3-2 defeat by Coventry in the English F.A. cup final at Wembley on Saturday. Pleat said after his team lost in

extra time: "I know in my heart if a couple of our players had played better today, or approached their normal standards, we would have won that game as many people expected us to do."



Defending champion Bobby Rahal (No. 3) in action in one of the closest Indy 500 finishes ever (file photo)

Four former champions qualify for Indianapolis 500

INDIANAPOLIS (AP) — A quartet of former winners, led by veterans Gordon Johncock and Al Unser, who were out of work

Injured Dainty Origans.

Ongais. He's a heck of a race over 208, with his third lap the driver and a good friend. But fastest at 208.647 (333.775). He these things happen in racing.

Rick Mears, four-time champion ified for the Indianapolis 500.

Tom Sneva, who had crashed twice in pracitce this month, and Danny Sullivan, who took a calculated risk by withdrawing one car to qualify another, made it a record nine former Indy winners in the tentative field for the May 24 race.

There were 13 qualifiers Saturday, bringing to 30 the number of cars now set for the 71st running of the world's richest and most prestigious racing event.

Johncock and Unser, both of

whom got into their cars for the first time durig the past seven days, proved that age has not diminished their talents. The 50-year-old Johncock, who

came out of a two-year retirement he regretted almost from the beginning, ran his fastest time since his return, posting a four-lap, 10-mile (16-kilometre) qualifying average of 207.990 mph (334.718 kph).

Unser, who will be 48 the week after the May 24 race, qualified at 207.423 (333.805 kph), just three days after taking over the ride of injured Danny Ongais.

was going to be in the race." who walked away from racing the day before the first weekend of Indy qualifications in 1985, earned his 21st start.

Johncock, who won in 1973 and 1982, took over a ride left vacant by an injury in qualifying last Saturday to driver Jim Crawford.

"I missed it," Johncock said after be qualified. "I've watched it on TV the last two years, and I thought, 'I can still do it, I should

Unser was cut loose by the Penske racing team after the 1986 season. He was still looking for a job when an injury to Ongais in a crash during practice last week opened up a spot on the Penske The three-time Indy winner got

into the car for the first time on Wedensday and qualified solidly, turning a fast lap of 208,295 mph (335.209 kph).

"I'm real happy," said Unser.
"I still get a charge out of all this because I still enjoy racing. The

noon was not even able to get a The two-time Indy champion; practice lap on the spare car his crew put together for him with a frantic all-week effort, was the final qualifier of the day Saturday, turning an average of 207.254 (333.533 kph). Each of the four laps was faster than the

> "This is the hard way, I'll tell you that," said the 1983 Indy winner. "I hit the wall a couple of times and really put some work on this crew. We're just happy to be in. The car felt better each

Sullivan, the senior Unser's teammate, withdrew the Penske PC16 he qualified last Saturday in the 11th position at 205.288 (330.369 kph) in order to put a

1986 March into the field. The gamble paid off as the 1985 Indy winner turned in the day's fastest qualifying run 210.271 average in 1986 was a record (338.398 kph), with three of the 210.358 (338.529 kph). four laps over 210.

Other veterans

Other former winners in the

one I feel sorry for is Danny's race include pole-winner Mario Johnny Rutherford, all of whom

qualified last weekend. Eighteen drivers put cars into the tentative field last weekend during the first two days of time trial. That left 15 positions to fill in qualifications this weekend, although Sullivan's withdrawal

momentarily changed that figure. Ten of the empty spots were filled in the busy first two hours of Saturday's qualifications, but only three more cars managed to get into the tentative lineup during the rest of the seven-hour

The last of four days of time trials ended on Sunday.

The average for the first 30 qualifiers is 207.363 mph (333.709 kph), compared with last year's mark of 210.471 (338.710 kph) for 30 qualifiers. The overall field

"These cars change so quick-ly," said Cogan. "They are hard to balance and it's hard to find the right setup. That's why they're slower."

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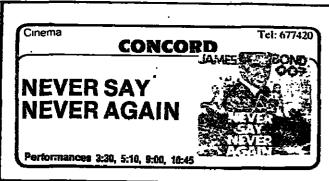
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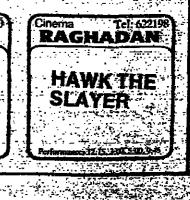
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Weekly Financial Report

By Fouad Batshon

AMMAN - Last week the U.S. dollar opened higher and moved up due to short covering from major banks around the world. Dealers were trying not to push the dollar any lower before the American economic figures were released because they feared of intervention

from the central banks. On Thursday and Friday the figures were released and as they were almost neutral for the dollar, dealers sold dollars heavily and tried to break the old lows against the major European currencies. The dealers somehow stopped because of the decision of the American banks to rise to prime rates from 8 per cent to 81/2 per cent. This led the dealers to slowly sell back the dollar.

The dollar traded in a wide range of 0.328 - 0.334 fils against the Jordanian dinar. Charts still indicate that the dollar could move a little bit lower this week against the European currencies and the Japanese yen.

The expected dollar range for this week is 0.324 - 0.330 fils. The pound sterling gained strength against the dollar mainly because of the higher prices of the North Sea oil and higher U.K. interest rates. The pound traded between 0.5575 -

YOUR DAILY

The D.M./S.F. moved in a

narrow range due to the wide fluctuations in the dollar. The D.M. traded between 0.1850 -0.191 and the S.F. between 0.220 - 0.231 fils.

The Lebanese lira (L.L.) moved lower against the dollar because of the uncertain political situation in Lebanon. It traded between (362 - 354) L.L./JD. The Syrian lira traded between (92 - 85) S.L./JD and the Kuwaiti dinar traded between JD 1.220 to JD 1.227.

The Egyptian pound traded between 0.165 - 0.170 fils and the Iraqi dinar between 26.0 -25.0 fils. Metals traded higher because of the short covering from brokers around the world.

Gold pushed a high of \$475 an ounce from a low of \$454 an ounce. Silver jumped to \$9.45 an ounce from \$8.55 an ounce.

Charts indicate that gold should hit the \$500 an ounce level within the next two weeks and silver should jump to around \$11 an ounce at the same period.

Gold prices in Amman based of the daily bulletin presented by the Jordan Jewellery Store are as follows:

Gold per gramme 21 carats JD 4.250 - JĎ 4.100 Gold per gramme 18 carats JD

FORECAST FOR MONDAY, MAY 18, 1987

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is a day to consider

liow you can add some sparkle and some zip to whatever

talents you have. It is also a time to clarify your most

rogressive ideas. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You can get helpful ideas

from those who are enjoying a more modern way of liv-

ing: Be active and happy.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) If you get the backing

of an important person you can become more successful

in your worldly affairs.
GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Work on your creative

ideas today. You can learn from one whose views are dif-

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Be more

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Begin the week properly

by getting your activities operating more efficiently and

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Put aside old pleasures

and get into new ones that can bring you greater enjoy-

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Remain poised if

unusual things happen at home. Invite colorful in-

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) In any letters you write, be sure to add some zip and humor to them

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Put more effort in-

to your property and other assets so that they can

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Don't discuss your

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You have fine and

unusual ideas today and should make a note of them so

they don't elude you later. ... IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he, or she,

will think quite differently from others. It would be wise not to try to change your progeny since it will be this very difference that will make the life unique. Do teach

this child what is proper and what is not so that he, or she, can get along with others.

inventive ideas with those in business. Come to a fine

modern in handling business affairs. Try to be more capricious with your mate:

LEO Jul 22 to Aug. 217 While with an unusual person, be sure to listen to the ideas expounded since they

could be helpful to you.

in a more modern vein.

dividuals into your home.

for the finest results.

become more valuable.

ment. Carry through with big ic

understanding with your friends.

Fiat hopes to set up car factory in China

Fiat said Saturday it hoped to set up a joint vehicle manufacturing venture in China, which most major automakers have avoided because of financing and production problems.

Mr. Francesco Gallo, head of international relations for Fiat, told a news conference: "We have prepared a pre-feasibility study that has been given to our Chinese counterparts and we have provided a number of cars which have been tested - all this is a clear indication of our in-

He said a decision on whether to build a factory would be made by Fiat and the Chinese government jointly. He gave no details of the project.

American Motors, Peugeot of France, and Volkswagen of West Germany are the only foreign companies so far to have put money into auto production in

The country's total output this year is officially estimated at 365,000 vehicles, less than that of a single factory of major international producers.

Many auto giants, including the Japanese, have shied away from setting up large-scale joint ventures becasuse of fears over poor management and labour quality and inconvertibility of the Chinese currency, the renminbi.

Mr. Gallo said Fiat was already well-established in China, with 10 per cent of the country's estimated 200,000 passenger cars 1986.

Some are Fiats made under licence in the Soviet Union and Poland and exported to China. Mr. Gallo said that in 1985

Chinese factories signed agree-ments with Fiat subsidiaries to produce vehicles and engines under licence. The Italian government financed the deals with \$250 million.

Mr. Gallo said there would be problems in raising the large amount of capital needed to finance the new joint venture, but Fiat would overcome them.

The foreign automakers already manufacturing in China have not had a trouble-free ride.

Volkswagen has more than doubled its initial investment of \$200 million yuan (\$54 million) in a joint venture in Shanghai mak-ing cars in which it has a 50 per cent share "because of the devaluation of the renminbi and a number of unexpected costs," the Chinese press has said.

American Motors was forced to close the production line of a joint venture in Peking making jeeps for two months last year because of a shortage of foreign exchange.

China has ruled out any largescale imports of cars in future, forcing foreign manufacturers to consider local production as the only way into the domestic market.

China imported more than 500,000 vehicles in 1985 and

growth

Oman considers measures to protect local industries

MUSCAT (R) — A senior Omani minister said in published remarks the sultanate was studying ways to protect local industry and diversify the economy away from

Oman's commerce and industry minister, Colonel Salem Ibn Abdul Al Ghazali, reaffirmed a government pledge to protect local industry from foreign imports, newspapers reported.

He was addressing businessmen at the first of what he said would be regular meetings between his ministry and the business community as part of a government drive "to diversify the economy a GCC summit meeting in Abu away from a reliance on oil re- Dhabi last November.

Oil accounts for more than 90 per cent of export revenue in

Colonel Ghazali last week attacked what he called a lack of progress by members of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) grouping Oman with Bahrain, Kuwait, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates — to implement joint incentive mea-

An agreement on unified industrial incentives, aimed at equalising competition among the Gulf Arab states, was reached at

IEA commends Turkey's energy goals, production

PARIS (R) — Turkey's projec- Turkey's main energy policy tions for its energy requirements in coming years are ambitious but the country has improved its record in self-sufficiency recently. the International Energy Agency (IEA) said in a report on Turkish energy policy.

The country's total primary energy requirement is officially forecast to increase by 8.7 per cent a year in the 1980s. But the IEA says this is unlikely to be achieved if the country falls below its ambitious target of 5.9 per cent annual growth in gross domestic product.

objective is to increase domestic production which in 1985 accounted for 57.2 per cent of the national energy requirement. The IEA said this was a slight improvement and was mainly due to higher output of coal which rose to 9.26 million tonnes oil equivalent (MTOE) in 1985 from 7.94 MTOE in 1984.

But there are several obstacles to overcome if the country is to achieve its projected growth of over 100 per cent in local electricity output between 1985 and 1990, the IEA said.

Report calls for multilateral cooperation to reverse the 'disarray of development'

GENEVA (OPECNA) - If interdependence was better managed, interactions between money, finance, debt, commodities and trade which have been depressing development, could be more positive, according to a United Nations' report released here.

The report prepared for the seventh gathering of the U.N. Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) calls for greater commitment by member states to multilateral cooperation in order to reverse the "disarray of development."

It says slow growth and deflationary tendencies in the world economy are impeding structural adjustment, slowing development and preventing Third World countries from reconciling debtservicing with growth.

According to the Inter Press Service (IPS) news agency, the report also calls for the mapping out at UNCTAD-VII, to be held here in July, of a "strategy for enhancing growth and restoring momentum to development," which should include more expansionary policies in market

Adequate attention should also be given to measures for tackling both long-term structural prob-lems and the immediate crisis. Immediate measures should in-

clude policies in the areas of resources for development, com-modities and trade, as well as support for more favourable socio-economic conditions for the least developed countries.

The report, however, notes that austerity and adjustment have led to cuts in education, health and other social services. Imports have been strangled and there have been declines in investment and public spending in the sectors of education, training, and research and development.

It says that the sharp deterioration in the financial and trading positions of most Third World countries during the 1980s was closely related to the markedly unfavourable international economic environment they faced compared to the previous two

Generally, much higher interest rates and the depression in much of the world economy led to an increase in debt-service payments and downward pressures on the export earnings of Third World countries.

Third World exports suffered because of a continuing glut in commodity markets, sharply lower prices for most commodities, and a slow-down in trade both with the North and within the South, the report says, adding that the over-all economic environment is not supportive of the Third World's adjustment efforts.

Key economic variables, such as exchange rates and commodity prices, including those of oil are increasingly unstable and unpredictable. There has also been a commodity prices.

rise in "discriminatory protec

The response of the Western industrialised countries to heightened international competition and exchange rate instability has led to the erosion of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) and to the widespread use of quantitative discretionary

It also points out that the interdependence of national economies has increased, with the world economy having become more and more sensitive to policy changes in major Western indus-

trialised countries. But, despite the need for greater coordination of national policies, and despite the magnitude and duration of the recession. these countries, with the exception of the United States, continue to be reluctant to take

stimulatory fiscal measures. This, says the report, has been the main reason for the halting nature of the recovery since 1983, and the continued depression of

Washington eases pressure on Bonn, Tokyo

WASHINGTON (R) - The United States, keen to preserve the new-found fragile cooperation among leading industrial countries, has eased pressure on its allies to speed up economic

U.S. officials have also expressed hope that financial markets will calm down in coming months as countries edge back from a trade war, the U.S. trade deficit starts improving and prospects of policy changes become apparent.

Amid signs that Washington and Tokyo are about to resolve their dispute over semi-conductors, Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige said most countries were taking pains to avoid trade clashes, probably the key factor upsetting financial markets.

'There is enough evidence of the fragility of global trade growth so that various governments are being especially careful during these days not to ... do the wrong thing," Mr. Baldrige said in a recent interview. Western industrial countries

have also agreed in principle to speed up reform of world agricultural trade, described as increasingly confrontational by one senior U.S. official.

it is prepared temporarily to accept lower economic growth, trusting that commitments by the three major industrial countries will be fulfilled in the next four months.

These commitments by West Germany, Japan and the United States were made in February's Louvre accord to curb trade imbalances and stabilise the dollar.

However, with strong indications that Western powers are not prepared to act before late summer, no breakthrough to shore up the world economy is likely at next month's summit of the seven leading industrial countries in-

monetary analysts say, could up-set the markets and drive the dollar lower.

"We shouldn't look for a great big new agreement," Treasury Secretary James Baker said in Paris last week. The comment caused concern on financial mar-

U.S. officials say there are no major economic initiatives to be unveiled at the June 8-10 summit. Yet far from abandoning moves to strengthen cooperation and boost the world economy,

and Japan. Last week, he praised their interest rate reductions and held

back from criticising the absence of fiscal stimulus. The United States, Japan and West Germany are aware that the

absence of policy changes could disturb markets. Reaffirming unfulfilled commitments for the third time this

year, Western policymakers in Paris last week seemed to understand they risked the markets' "I'm not sure our purpose here was to impress, depress or other-

wise affect financial markets," Mr. Baker said at the annual That development alone, ministerial meeting of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development. "I think you've seen some re-

latively good foreign exchange stability," he responded to suggestions that lack of action might jolt financial markets again. At the same time, officials in

Tokyo pleaded with major institutions not to sell dollars when Japan announced a record trade surplus of \$7.6 billion in April. West German Economics Minister Martin Bangemann con-

month showed there was a serious risk that German growth could slip below two per cent this

Mr. Baker, meanwhile, said

Japan made "credible promises" on the scope and timing of a roughly \$35 billion stimulus to its economy, expected by September at the latest. The Reagan administration has

committed itself to at least \$20 billion of new budget deficit cuts by September — though Mr. Baker admitted an arms control accord would drive up spending. In theory, stimulus in Germany

and Japan would spur world growth and provide markets for U.S. and Third World exports. Lower government and consumer spending in America

would curb U.S. demand for imports, help to slow the growth of U.S. debt and channel more resources to depleted U.S. invest-

But whether financial markets can remain calm until autumn is an open question. Mr. Bangemann said it was a difficult time for policy-makers to win backing for economic changes, "It's for ceded Bonn would consider policy-makers to win backing for

nior U.S. official. Mr. Baker appear to be taking a advancing tax cuts planned for economic changes. "It's high Washington has indicated that conciliatory line West Germany January 1988 if a review next noon for politicians," he said. Sierra Leone sees no benefit in IMF policies

FREETOWN (R) — Sierra Leone President Joseph Momch, whose government adopted an International Monetary Fund (IMF) programme last year to halt economic decline, has said it brought no benefit to the

country. President Momoh's views reflect mounting criticism by Afri-can countries of IMF prescriptions for their ailing economies.

"We have not benefited in any way from the IMF programme, President Momoh told Reuters in an interview Saturday. "In other

words, it would have made no difference whether or not we accepted the IMF package." With the economy in deep cri-

sis after years of mismanagement, Sierra Leone adopted an IMF programme last June and promptly floated its currency, the leone, which has fallen to about 50 to the U.S. dollar from five before the flotation.

"The IMF programme imposes tremendous hardships on our people ... we find this unreasonable but we have gone too far with the programme to abandon

it now." President Momon said Zambia abandoned an IMF programme after more than a year of implementation.

Asked whether Sierra Leone might reach a similar decision, President Momoh said: "We hapoint quite clear to their leader." To reach an accord with the seven million of IMF Special IMF last year, Sierra Leone bor- Drawing Rights — about \$9.2 rowed more than \$12 million million — and this had brought a

Senior officials of the Bank of

Sierra Leone, the central bank, said that since the introduction of the programme the IMF had offered the country credit only to ven't quite got there but we are very close to it. When the IMF

They said Sierra Lecture 1 and They said Sierra Leone had team was last here, I made that since become indebted again to the IMF to the tune of more than

Peanuts









I MOTITO DO'ISTRE

Mutt'n' Jeff



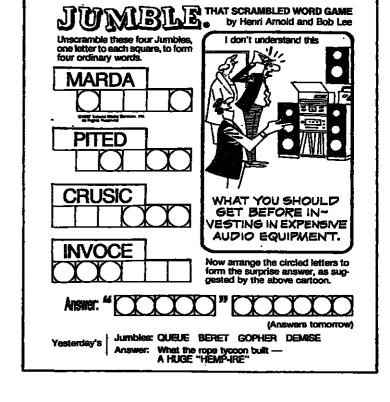
Andy Capp



THE BETTER HALF By Harris HARRIS "I found something to make you kiss me longer... Velcro lipstick!"

from the Standard Chartered stalemate on further implementa-

Bank of Britain to pay off its tion of the IMF programme.





COLUMNS 768

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — Archaeologists have uncovered a wall

of a 7th century mosque in the war-battered southern city of Basra, the official Iraqi News Agency (INA) reported. The mosque, named after the revered Shi'ite Muslim leader Imam Ali

and founded by his followers, has great significance for Iraqi

Shi ites. It is believed to date to the year 14 of the Islamic era, meaning it was founded in the year 636 on the Western calendar.

The Iraqi agency, monitored in Nicosia, quoted sources at the

National Archaeology Department as saying the stones unco-

The wall is 10 metres from the mosque's minaret. Although an

Iranian air raid earlier in the 61/2-year-old Gulf war forced a halt

to work on the mosque, the stoppage was only temporary. Iraq has continued efforts to excavate and restore both Islamic and

Christian relics despite the war, and several people have been

killed by shell fire during such work, according to Director of

TEL AVIV (AP) - More than an old armchair was about to be

burned in a holiday bonfire when children found \$2,000 in its stuffing, a newspaper said Sunday. The children and thousands of

other people across the country were celebrating the Lag Ba'omer

festival marking the victory of Jewish troops over the Roman occupiers in 135 A.D. One of the children sat on the chair before

throwing it into the fire, felt a bulge and found the money, the Al Hamishmar newspaper said. It said the children took the money

to the Tel Aviv police. The law limits the amount of dollars

Israelis may own, and many took to hiding additional sums in their homes during the years of double- and triple-digit inflation

Funeral service set for Rita Hayworth

Mysterious treasure saved from bonfire

Antiquities Moaiyad Saeed Dimurgi.

vered were believed to be part of the northern wall of the mosque

Part of ancient mosque uncovered

Fijian military tightens grip in effort | Aquino: Poll victory to deny power to Indian majority

SUVA (R) — Rebel military leader Sitiveni Rabuka, who seized power in Fiji three days ago, tightened his grip on the country Sunday pending a new constitution which he said would deny forever political power to the South Pacific Island's Indian majority.

Protests among the Indian community and members of the ousted Fijian Labour Party were mounting with calls for a national strike on Monday.

About 800 protestors, mainly Indian but with a sprinkling of Fijians, demonstrated peacefully in central Suva, carrying placards calling for the release from house arrest of deposed Prime Minister Timoci Bavadra.

Placards also appeared in Indian areas of Suva Saturday night backing the stand of Governor-General Ratu Sir Penaia Ganilau against the rebels and many Indian and Fijian owned stores that would otherwise have been open were Sunday closed.

Indian and Fijian Labour Party members, whose month-old coalition government with the In-

dian dominated National Federation Party was ousted on May 14, have been meeting secretly to plan their next move, party sources said.

About 200 Fijians and Indians held a protest vigil outside Dr. Bavadra's home Saturday night but military authorities Sunday moved him and other members of his cabinet to a government guest house elsewhere in the capital.

A pamphlet circulated by a group calling itself the Peoples Democratic Movement said: "The people of Fiji are rising spontaneously, peacefully, but resolutely, against the rule of the gun and the dictatorship of a group of power hungry, corrupt

"People of Fiji arise, and fight for your country's freedom ...

The will of the people must rise above the bullet," the pamphlet

Lieutenant-Colonel Rabuka told a news conference Saturday the military would deal swiftly with any strikes by Indians, who form the backbone of Fiji's small businessmen and labourers.

He said the military rulers did not recognise the right of unions and businessmen to stop work in

"You have to accept that we are no longer in a free democratic environment at the moment. We hope to get back into it as soon as we can," Col. Rabuka said.

Indians, descendants of indentured labourers, outnumber Fijians by 17,000 in the 714,000 population. They also held 19 of the 28 seats won by the deposed coalition in elections last month

to the 52-member parliament. Dr. Bavadra's victory ended 17 years of rule by the indigenous Fijian-dominated Alliance Party since independence from Britain.

Col. Rabuka, 38, said the revised constitution being prepared by his 16-member council of

should prevent coup

MANILA (R) — Philippine President Corazon Aquino says she hopes the ruling party's massive election victory will prevent further coup attempts and make the army loyal to her government.

In an interview with local reporters at the presidential palace Saturday night, Mrs. Aquino also said the huge 90 per cent turnout in the May 11 election showed Filipinos loved democracy and state of emergency and proc-laimed that he would exercise her opponents "have to think twice" before trying to destabilise the government.

She said she was willing to talk with disgrantled opponents who had accused her government of voting fraud but that they should make the first move.

Opposition leader Juan Ponce Enrile, a former defence chief who is believed to still enjoy strong army support, had threatened to lead national protest rallies after independent vote counts showed Mrs. Aquino candidates sweeping 23 of 24 sen-

"I hope that with this election, the members of the armed forces would not only not support Enrile but will definitely be loyal to this government," Mrs. Aquino said. "I don't really believe that we should place so much emphasis on what Johnny Ponce Enrile can

do or not do," she said.
She said "I hope so," when asked if she thought the election results would discourage further coup attempts against her.

MOSCOW (R) — The Commun-

ist Party daily Pravda accused the

United States Sunday of seeking

to inflame tensions along the

Soviet-Afghan border by en-

couraging Muslim rebels to

launch sorties into Soviet terri-

In a dispatch from Kabul, Prav-

da charged Pakistan with joining

the Reagan administration in

trying to sabotage a "national

reconciliation" programme which

the Soviet-backed Afghan gov-

ernment says is aimed at ending

"Arming and egging on the Afghan counter-revolution, the

United States and its regional

partner would like to wreck the

process of national reconciliation

in Afghanistan," Pravda corres-

pondent Vadim Okulov wrote.

"Facts show that the IIS

administration not only persists in

its goal of overthrowing the legal

government in Kabul, but also

entertains the hope of turning the

Soviet-Afghan border into a hot-

The official Soviet media have

reported two cross-border inci-

dents this year, the first disclosed

since the Kremlin sent troops into

Afghanistan in December 1979 in

spot," he said.

U.S. accused of bid to inflame

Soviet-Afghan border tension

to appoint military representatives to the lower house when the two-chamber congress convened next month. She did not say how

A senior military officer virtually ruled out any army threat against Mrs. Aquino.

"It is generally perceived right now that the military is completely backing the Cory (Aquino) government," Deputy Armed Forces Chief Major-General Eduardo Ermita told reporters Saturday.

The army said Sunday that a total of 1,255 people have been killed in two separate guerrilla wars in the Philippines this year, 22 per cent less than the same

period last year.

It said 1,121 people were killed up to May 15 in violence related to the nationwide Communist insurgency. The rest were casual-ties from a smaller Muslim separatist rebellion on the southern isiand Mindanao.

The casualties were 456 Communist guerrillas, 55 Muslim re-bels, 391 soldiers and policemen and 353 civilians.

A total of 1,608 people were killed in the same period last year. They were 645 rebels, both Communists and Muslim, 502 soldiers, and 461 civilians.

in the southern Philippines, is suffering from malaria, the milit-Mrs. Aquino said she planned ary said Sunday.

two others on March 8 while

firing across the frontier at

Pyandzh, a border town in Soviet

One month later, the rebels

were said to have raided

Pyrandzh and killed two Soviet

frontier guards. The Soviet media

The attacks prompted Viktor

Chebrikov, head of the KGB

security police, which is responsi-

ble for guarding the Soviet Un-

ion's borders, to tour areas along

the Soviet-Afghan frontier at the

Okulov said rebel claims of

successes in these incidents were ridiculous. "I happened to visit

the sites of these events, and I

witnessed the shattering punishment that was inflicted on the

provocateurs inspired from out-

The official Kabul Radio re-

ported Saturday that Afghan

guerrillas killed 13 workers from

the Energy Ministry in an ambush

The radio, monitored in Islama-

bad, said the workers were driv-

ing home after receiving two

weeks' salaries in Kabul. As they

were in the Lataband Pass the

rebels attacked their vehicle with

east of the capital.

said 14 insurgents were killed.

Tadzhikistan.

end of April.

Meanwhile Swiss Red Cross worker Jacky Sudan, kidnapped by Muslim guerrillas 12 days ago

in the early 1980s.

BEVERLY HILLS, California (AP) — A funeral mass will be said Monday for Rita Hayworth, the red-haired "love goddess" of 1940s films who died last week after a long bout with Alzheimer's disease, a priest has announced. Monsignor Peter Healey, who will say the mass, said Miss Hayworth's remains were to be buried at Holy Cross Cemetery in Culver City. Miss Hayworth died Thursday night in New York City of Alzheimer's disease, an incurable brain disorder causing symptoms of senility in its victims. Biographies of the actress put her age at 68, but Princess Yasmin Aga Khan said her mother was 69.

Priest drains holy water used by addicts

PAMPLONA, Spain (R) - A parish priest here has ordered holy water to be removed from the baptismal font of his church after discovering that drug addicts were using it to wash syringes, church sources have said. Benjamin Orbaiz took the decision for public health reasons after finding syringe needles lying in the font, they said. Spain reported 189 drug-related deaths last year and 18,600 arrests on drug charges.

Bandits kidnap Pakistani tycoon

KARACHI (R) - Four bandits kidnapped Pakistani business magnate Suleman Dawood at gunpoint from his farm in Sind province, police said. Family sources said bandits had threatened that Dawood would be abducted if he did not pay them two million rupees (\$117,600) but there had been no ransom demand since the kidnapping. Police quoted two peasants as saying they watched helplessly as four bandits with automatic weapons drove up to Dawood's farm at Hassanpur, 180 kilometres north-east of the provincial capital Karachi, and took him away. Dawood is number two man in the Dawood group, one of Pakistan's leading industrial groups. The group is headed by his elder brother Ahmad Dawood.

LOS ANGELES (AP) - Fred Dugan needed the generosity of neighbours and strangers to help him put his life back together, because his relatives jumped the gun and sold most of his possessions while he was hospitalised in a coma. "We're getting quite well," the 76-year-old man said Saturday in a telephone interview made possible by donated hearing aids. "My neighbours here are wonderful. I never knew I had such good friends." When he got out of a convalescent home three weeks ago, all that was left in his two-bedroom cottage in Ontario. 64 kilometres east of Los Angeles, were a few old chairs, an electric organ and a television set. With the help of a lawyer and friends from the hospital, Dugan has reclaimed his car and home from a bank that he says was planning an estate sale. Trouble began for Dugan, a retired construction worker, when he collapsed on Sept. 20. "The doctors didn't think I had any chance of living at all," he said. "I had brain damage." Dugan was vague about his specific ailments but said he was overweight and "was drinking a bit." Dugan spent six months in what he called a semi-coma in a hospital and the convalescent home. By the time he revived, he said, a lawyer had prematurely opened his will, which left everything to an uncle. His daughter and other relatives cleaned out the house, he said.

Confused tourist wanders Tokyo streets

TOKYO (AP) — A 22-year-old American wandered Tokyo streets for three days after she lost sight of her mother during a shopping trip, a police officer said Sunday. The woman, Doree Doi, was found wandering the streets in a residential neighbourhood on Saturday by a local resident who brought her to a police station, said the police officer, who asked that he not be named. She was later reunited with her mother, Sumiko, 58, at a police station in Shinjuku in western Tokyo, he said.

'Ear wax helps determine racial origin'

MOSCOW (R) — A Soviet scientist has established that the type of wax found in people's ears can help determine their racial origin, TASS news agency has said. Viktor Spitsin, a specialist in biological sciences, told TASS that Soviet scientists had identified two different types of ear wax, which is technically known as cerumen. "We have singled out two cerumen types, the dry one and the wet one, with a substantially different protein and ferment content," Spitsin said. Spitsin has established that dry ear wax is generally found in people of Mongoloid origin, TASS said. Wet cerumen is rare in Japan, China and aboriginals in the Far East and western Siberia, while it prevails in Australia and Africa, it added. "The cerumen test, which is an excellent racial diagnostic method, could greatly contribute to historical genetics. We have already determined that Estonians and Hungarians have more Mongoloid genes than other European peoples," Spitsin said. The specialist also said a study of ear wax could help determine people's vulnerability to cardio-vascular diseases, breast cancer and arteriosclerosis.

Ban on neon signs lifted in S. Korea

SEOUL, South Korea (AP) — The government had decided to lift a 10-year-old ban on installing neon signs in an effort to help promote tourism with the 1988 Seoul Olympic Games approaching, officials have said. The officials said the Energy and Resources Ministry made the decision at the request of various government agencies and other organisations. Some foreign tourists and domestic pricing have consolired that some foreign tourists and domestic critics have complained that streets in Seoul and other cities in this country are dull, with insufficient illumination at night. The ministry imposed the ban in 1977 under an energy conservation programme. Hospitala, drug stores, railway stations and bus terminals were exempt. The restriction was lifted in 1983 for Chejn Island, a townst attraction off the southern coast.

Punjab calm as arrests top 800

NEW DELHI (R) - More than 800 people have been arrested in Funjab since the state's government was dismissed six days ago and direct rule from New Delhi imposed, the Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency reported

All were held under anti-terrorist laws which permit detention without trial for up to a year. No charges have yet been made public and police said some had already been released.

Most of those detained gave themselves up without a struggle in face of the massive presence of

more than 70,000 police and paramilitary forces in the state. In Hoshiarpur, a suspected extremist named as Swaran Singh

was wounded in an exchange of fire with the police who found him and an accomplice on board a bus during a routine check. PTI said the accomplice tried

to escape but was chased by villagers who caught him and handed him over to the police. Direct rule was imposed to try to restore law and order to Punjab. and it appears to be largely-

succeeding. In the past two days

and the only civilian death reported was a night watchman shot dead by three extremists near Faridkot Saturday night, PTI

A police spokesman said liquor, cigarette and barber shops which had closed down after threats from Sikh fundamentalists

were reopening all over the state. In Delhi, about 35 Sikhs were being questioned after a gun battle with police who entered their temple on Friday to look for extremists. Police reported seizing a huge amount of arms and ammunition from the temple.

two extremists have been killed 1 killed, 9 injured in 3 Madrid blasts

MADRID (R) — Suspected Basque guerrillas exploded three car bombs outside the Madrid headquarters of the navy, air force and Civil Guard early Sunday, killing a 70-year-old woman and injuring nine people, police said. Two of the injured are in a serious condi-

The three blasts, the first bombings this year in the Spanish capital, occurred almost simul-

taneously. No one immediately claimed responsibility but security officials The third bomb exploded oppothe work of the separatist guerril- military Civil Guard, killing 70la group ETA.

By Charles Goren And Omar Sharif

East-West vulnerable North

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The bidding: North East

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anything of value. In the home,

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allow for his jump raise of

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GOREN BRIDGE

D IS FOR DISCARD

The triple bombing occurred only four months after the government announced that it had broken up ETA's "Madrid Commando,"

some of the deadliest attacks of the groups 19-year-old struggle for an independent Basque state. a taxi driver were slightly hurt.

held responsible for

The first explosion was at navy headquarters, where a sentry was cut by flying glass. The second was outside the main air force building, where two sentries and aid the attacks appeared to be site the headquarters of the para-

year-old Carmen Pascual as she

partner's suit. South could not use Blackwood because of his two fast

losers in diamonds, so he launched

a cue-bidding sequence. When his partner showed a diamond control.

South asked for aces and settled in

a small slam when he learned that

one was missing.
West led a trump. Declarer drew a second round and, when the suit

split 2-2, he wasted no time in

adopting the wrong line of play. He played five rounds of clubs, dis-

carding two dlamonds from hand,

then led a spade from the table. We

would like to report that he

guessed correctly and put in the

jack. In fact, he went up with the king and lost two spade tricks for

down one.

The sad part of the whole affair

is that declarer did not need to

guess the spade position to fulfill his slam. Instead of sluffing two di-

amonds on the clubs, he should

have forced himself to get rid of

both of his spade honors. Now

there is no way the contract can be defeated. All declarer has to do is

concede a diamond trick, and then he can ruff his last diamond on the

table. South traded in a sure thing

for false economy.

drove past and injuring five other

ETA killed 41 people — mainly members of the security forces - in 1986 but most of its attacks this year have been in the northeastern city of Barcelona.

Security officials felt the crackdown on Basque exiles in the south of France and the success against the Madrid Commando had put the organisation on the defensive in the capital.

ETA also suffered a major blow with the death in Algeria of the man regarded as its leader, Domingo "Txomin" Iturbe, killed in a car crash earlier this year.

to the police. Army takes Kurunegala in western province, and Polonnaruwa in north-central

have been stepped up and troops were on stand-by, government spokesman Tilak Ratnakara said.

Most people in the affected regions are Sinhalese, the coun-

try's majority ethnic group

Sri Lanka braces for attacks in resort city

effort to see Dr. Bavadra.

ministers would preserve forever

Fijian control of the nation's poli-

tical system and communal land

ownership which keeps 80 per

Palace spokesman said Queen

Elizabeth, the constitutional

monarch of Fiji, had been in

regular radio contact with Gani-

lau, who on Friday declared a

Col. Rabuka Saturday said

Fiji's two English-language daily newspapers would be allowed to resume publication Monday.

They were closed by the army on

The colonel has also ordered

banks to remain closed Monday

in an effort to stem an outflow of

Australia said Sunday it was

A Foreign Ministry spokesman

said Australia's High Commis-

sioner in Suva. John Piper, had

been instructed to make every

urgently trying to make contact

Friday for criticising the coup.

executive rule.

with Dr. Bavadra.

In London, a Buckingham

cent of Fiji in native hands.

COLOMBO (R) - Security forces went on alert Sunday against possible Tamil separatist bomb attacks in the resort city of Kandy and other parts of central Sri Lanka so far untouched by the island's ethnic conflict.

The Defence Ministry said it had warned residents of Kandy, an ancient city and a holy place for the island's Buddhist majority, and other towns that guerrillas might attack in the next few

Military officials said the guerrillas, who are fighting for a separate Tamil homeland in the north and east of the island, wanted to divert attention from what they said were recent successes by the security forces in northern areas.

The government blamed the guerrillas for a car bomb last month which killed 113 people in Colombo, the capital. A Defence Ministry statement

urged the public to report suspi cious-looking vehicles or packages it said Kandy, Gampola and Matale, in the central hills,

province were possible guerrilla targets. Police patrols in those areas

support of Kabul's Communist rockets and other weapons on government. Thursday afternoon. Guerrillas were said to have "As a result 13 workers were killed one person and wounded killed," it said.

China urged to continue anti-bourgeois struggle PEKING (R) — China's main official newspaper, the People's more democracy. Daily, said Sunday the campaign The People's Da against "bourgeois liberalisation" had turned back the tide of West-

ern political ideas but that the struggle must be deepened. The campaign began in January after the fall of Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang. He was accused of failing to control the

December by students calling for tion" were explained. The People's Daily said that as

a result of the campaign, Marx-ism had been strengthened, society was more stable and continuing economic growth was assured.

But the newspaper admitted the party faced a daunting propaganda problem. It said many people had no interest in the spread of Western political ideas articles and meetings at which the which led to demonstrations last dangers of "bourgeois liberalisa-

The paper said the struggle against "serious spread of bourgeois liberal thinking" had been in progress for four or five months and added: "The situation has changed."

"We can say that the struggle has already scored great achievements, but that does not mean that it is over. Exactly the opposite, the struggle must be deepened and continued in a healthy way."

Waldheim stands his ground on war record

VIENNA (R) — Austria's belea-gured President Kurt Waldheim stood his ground on his World War II record as leading politi-cians reacted angrily to Washing-ton's failure to produce docu-ments justifying his effective bar-ring from the United States. Dr. Waldheim said Saturday

night that he had been forced into fighting for a Nazi regime that he did not support, and criticised foreign governments for aban-doning Austria to the clutches of Hitler's Third Reich in the 1930s. In a prepared speech, Dr. Wal-

dheim said: "In 1939 when we were dragged into war by a regime not supported by us, we could not foresee the appalling consequences of Nazi rule." He had been one of hundreds of thousands drafted into Hitler's army after the 1938 "anschluss"

when German troops marched into Austria, incorporating the country into Germany. Many Austrians welcomed their arrival. Last month Washington barred

the 68-year-old president from entering the United States as a private citizen because of suspicions about his war service in the inauguration last June, although he has received invitations from the Arab World. In his speech to Austrian sol-

hint of criticism of reaction abroad to allegations linking him to war crimes, which he rejects. The international community of nations had looked away as

German pressure on Austria had grown in the years leading to the anschluss, leaving his country in the lurch, he said. With Socialist Chancellor Franz Vranitzsky due to leave for

a U.S. visit on Tuesday, conservative and right-wing politi-cians attacked the U.S. Justice Department's attempts to justify its decision to bar Dr. Waldheim.

that they had no proof that Dr. Waldheim was a war criminal. Austria had asked Washington

officials merely gave a verbal they met Austrian government representatives last Friday.

Joerg Haider, head of the right-wing Freedom Party, de-scribed the Americans' behaviour as scandalous and called on Mr. Vranitzky to call off the visit, which is certain to be dominated by the Waldheim affair. A spokesman for Mr. Vranitzky said a cancellation was not being contemplated.

Transport Minister Ferdinand Lacina on Sunday condemned anti-Semitism in Austria in a speech commemorating the liberation of the country's most infamous Nazi death camp.

Mr. Lacina evoked the horrors of the holocaust and lambasted the lingering hatred for Jews in

Austrian society.
Several Jews who regularly attend the event said Mr. Laci-General of the conservative coalition partner People's Party (OEVP), described a visit to Vienna by Justice Department minister is invited to speak each

Mauthausen, about 120 kilometres west of Vienna, was the last of the Nazi concentration camps to be liberated. American

explanation of their reasons when 200,000 people were murdered at Mauthausen. Austria's biggest death camp.

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over as Peruvian police strike continues

LIMA, Peru (AP) - Soldiers in armoured vehicles cordoned off a downtown police station where the leaders of a police strike were holed up on the second day of a

walkout for higher pay.

Army troops patrolled the streets as the government braced for expected attacks by the Shining Path Sunday to mark the seventh anniversary of the guerrilla group's insurgency.

President Alan Garcia named a two-man team Saturday to negotiate with strike leaders. A spokesman for the Interior Ministry said Mr. Garcia had promised there would be no violent suppression of the strike.

A dozen armoured vehicles and about 300 soldiers with automatic rifles set up a cordon before dawn Saturday around the downtown Lima Police Station.

Late Friday night the government shut off electricity, water and telephone service to the sta-

About 300 striking police were inside the station, including their

Troops prevented other striking police from joining the offic-ers inside the station. Several hundred police marched through downtown Saturday morning, tying up traffic on major streets. Striking police were demanding a raise equivalent to \$185 a month, a 48-hour work week and overtime pay. Most police currently earn about \$250 a month. Strike leaders said Saturday that support for the walkout was building and at least 7,000 of the 10,000 police in Lima and the neighbouring port of Callao were

participating.
The Interior Ministry official, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said about 700 police were actively striking. He said an unde-termined number of other patrolmen were intimidated and staying away from their jobs.

Few policemen were visible on

Lima's streets Saturday. Soldiers

The move deepened the isolation of Dr. Waldheim, who has and marines guarded embassies | yet to travel abroad since his

diers, Dr. Waldheim introduced a

Michael Graff, Secretaryofficials as an attempt to disguise

for documentary evidence used in

year at the ceremony.

the Justice Department decision troops freed the immates there on against Dr. Waldheim. But the May 17, 1945. May 17, 1945.

During World War II, about